

B.S IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS 04 YEARS PROGRAM.

PRE-REQUISITE: INTERMEDIATE

COURSES OF STUDIES IN B.S INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, 04 YEARS 08 SEMESTERS, TOTAL CREDITS HOURS 133.

<b>Sr. No</b>	<b>Code</b>	<b>Title of Course</b>	<b>Credits</b>
<b>FIRST SEMESTER</b>			
1	IR-001	ENGLISH I-(Functional English)	3 Credits
2	IR-005	PAKISTAN STUDIES	2 Credits
3	IR-008	MATHAMATICS (ALGEBRA)	3 Credits
4	IR-101	INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	3 Credits
5	IR-010	INTRODUCTION TO GEOGRAPHY	3 Credits
6	IR-102	INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE	3 Credits
			<b>17</b>
<b>SECOND SEMESTER</b>			
1	IR-002	ENGLISH II-(Communication Skills)	3 Credits
2	IR-006 IR-007	ISLAMIC STUDIES or ETHICS	3 Credits 3 Credits
3	IR-009	STATISTICS	3 Credits
	IR-011	INTRODUCTION TO PHILOSOPHY	3 Credits
	IR-012	INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS	3 Credits
	IR-201	CONFLICT MANAGEMENT AND RESOLUTION	3 Credits
			<b>17</b>
<b>THIRD SEMESTER</b>			

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IR-003	ENGLISH III-(Technical Writing and Presentation Skills)	3 Credits
IR-013	INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER SKILLS	3 Credits
IR-014	INTRODUCTION TO HISTORY	3 Credits
IR-015	INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY	3 Credits
IR-104	GLOBALIZATION AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	3 Credits
		<b>15</b>
	<b>FORTH SEMESTER</b>	
IR-004	ENGLISH IV-(Grammar and Composition)	3 Credits
IR-016	INTRODUCTION TO MASS COMMUNICATION	3 Credits
IR-017	INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	3 Credits
IR-105	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: 1789-1945	3 Credits
IR-106	GEO-POLITICAL STRUCTURE OF THE WORLD	3 Credits
		<b>15</b>
	<b>FIFTH SEMESTER</b>	
IR-107	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: 1945-2000	3 Credits
IR-108	PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW	3 Credits
IR-109	REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	3 Credits
IR-110	FOREIGN POLICY ANALYSIS	3 Credits
IR-111	INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ECONOMY	3 Credits
		<b>15</b>
	<b>SIXTH SEMESTER</b>	
IR-112	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	3 Credits
IR-113	POLITICS OF PAKISTAN	3 Credits

	IR-114	FOREIGN POLICY OF PAKISTAN	3 Credits
	IR-115	DEFENCE AND STRATEGIC STUDIES	3 Credits
	IR-116	DIPLOMACY	3 Credits
	IR-301	GOVERNMENTS AND POLITICS OF SOUTH ASIA	3 Credits
			<b>18</b>
		<b>SEVENTH SEMESTER</b>	
	IR-302	WEST ASIA AND ARAB WORLD SINCE 1919	3 Credits
	IR-119	COMPARATIVE FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS:US, RUSSIA, CHINA	3 Credits
	IR-103	PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	3 Credits
	IR-202	NUCLEARIZATION OF SOUTH ASIA	3 Credits
	IR-120	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IN THE NEW MILLENNIUM	3 Credits
	IR-203	INTERNATIONAL POLITICS OF ENVOIRNMENT	3 Credits
			<b>18</b>
		<b>EIGHTH SEMESTER</b>	
	IR-121	ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT	3 Credits
	IR-215	INTERNATIONAL LAW OF THE SEAS	3 Credits
	IR-204	EMERGING REGIONAL AND WORLD ORDERS	3 Credits
	IR-205	NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION	3 Credits
	IR-123	RESEARCH THESIS	6 Credits
			<b>18</b>
			<b>GT 133</b>

M. A INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, 02 YEARS PROGRAM

PRE-REQUISITES FOR ADMISSION: GRADUATION

COURSES OF STUDY IN MASTER'S OF ARTS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS  
SEMESTER SYSTEM, 04 SEMESTERS 69 CREDITS.

<b>Sr. No</b>	<b>Code</b>	<b>Title of Course</b>	<b>Credits</b>
		<b>FIRST SEMESTER</b>	
1	IR-107	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: 1945-2000	3 Credits
2	IR-108	PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW	3 Credits

3	IR-109	REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	3 Credits
4	IR-110	FOREIGN POLICY ANALYSIS	3 Credits
5	IR-111	INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ECONOMY	3 Credits
			<b>15</b>
		<b>SECOND SEMESTER</b>	
1	IR-112	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	3 Credits
2	IR-113	POLITICS OF PAKISTAN	3 Credits
3	IR-114	FOREIGN POLICY OF PAKISTAN	3 Credits
4	IR-115	DEFENCE AND STRATEGIC STUDIES	3 Credits
5	IR-116	DIPLOMACY	3 Credits
6	IR-301	GOVERNMENTS AND POLITICS OF SOUTH ASIA	3 Credits
			<b>18</b>
		<b>THIRD SEMESTER</b>	
1	IR-302	WEST ASIA AND ARAB WORLD SINCE 1919	3 Credits
2	IR-119	COMPARATIVE FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS:US, RUSSIA, CHINA	3 Credits
3	IR-103	PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	3 Credits
4	IR-202	NUCLEARIZATION OF SOUTH ASIA	3 Credits
5	IR-120	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IN THE NEW MILLENNIUM	3 Credits
6	IR-203	INTERNATIONAL POLITICS OF ENVOIRNMENT	3 Credits
			<b>18</b>
		<b>FORTH SEMESTER</b>	
1	IR-121	ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT	3 Credits

2	IR-215	INTERNATIONAL LAW OF THE SEAS	3 Credits
3	IR-204 <b>Code</b>	EMERGING REGIONAL AND WORLD ORDERS <b>Course title</b>	3 Credits
4	IR-205	NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION	3 Credits
5	IR-123	RESEARCH THESIS	6 Credits
			<b>18</b>
			<b>GT 69</b>

### COURSE CODES

IR General Courses: IR 001-099

Core Courses: IR-101-199

Elective Courses (Issues): IR 201-299

Elective Courses (Area Studies): IR 301-399

MS/M.Phil Core Courses: IR 501-599

MS/M.Phil. Elective Courses: IR 601-699

Ph.D Core Courses: IR 701-799

Ph.D Elective Courses: IR 801-899

### DETAIL OF CORE COURSES

Following are the core course contents and the list of suggested readings of the 4-Year/2- Year BS/MA Programme spread over 08 semesters and 04 semesters respectively:

#### Semester–I BS

##### **Introduction to International Relations 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE: IR-101**

**Objectives:** The objective of this course is to highlight the significance and introduce the fundamentals of International Relations to the students.

##### **Contents:**

1. Meaning, Definition, Nature, and Scope of International Relations
2. Evolution and Development of International Relations
3. Significance of International Relations
4. Concept of Nation State

5. International System and Sub-Systems
6. Foreign Policy, National Interest, and Diplomacy
7. Power and Balance of Power
8. Regionalism and Globalization
9. State and Non-State Actors
10. Human Rights in International Relations
11. Religion, Ethics, Morality and Justice in International Relations
12. The Role of Economics in International Relations
13. The Concept of War and Peace in International Relations

**Core Books:**

1. Columbus, Theodore. Introduction to International Relations: Power and Justice. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1992.
2. Goldstine, Josha. International Relation. Washington DC: Pearson Education, 2003
3. Lawson, Stephanie. International Relations; Cambridge; Polity, 2003.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Amstutz, Mark R. International Conflict and Cooperation: An Introduction to World Politics. (Chicago: Brown & Benchmark, 1995)
2. Griffiths, Martin, and Callaghan, Terry O'. International Relations: The Key Concepts. London, Routledge, 2003.
3. Henderson, Conway W. International Relations: Conflict & Cooperation at the Turn of the 21st Century Boston: McGraw-Hill, 1998.
4. Jackson, Robert and Sorensen; Georg, Introduction to International Relations Theories and Approaches, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.
5. Papp, Denial S; Contemporary International Relations. (2nd ed). New York: Macmillan, 1988.
6. Pearson. Frederic S., & Rochester, J. Maertu; International Relations: The Global Conditions in the Late Twentieth Century. New York: Random House, 1988.

**Semester–I BS**

**Introduction to Political Science 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE-002**

Objectives: The objective of this course is to introduce the students with the fundamentals of the subject of Political Science and prepare them for advanced studies in the forthcoming semesters. The very basic concepts and terminology commonly used in the further courses of studies are taught to make the students friendly with the subject.

**Contents:**

1. Definition, Nature, Scope and the sub-fields of the subject.
2. Relationship of Political Science with other social sciences, specifically International Relations, Diplomacy, Strategic Studies etc.
3. Basic concepts of Political Science such as law and constitution, power and authority, legitimacy, nation and nationalities etc.
4. State: its origin and evolution; Western and Islamic concepts of State; Forms of State: Unitary, Federation, Confederation.
5. Organs of Government: Legislature, Executive, Judiciary.
6. Forms of Government: Parliamentary, Presidential and others.

**Core Books:**

1. Anderson, Rodee et.al. Introduction to Political Science. Islamabad: National Book Foundation, Latest Edition.
2. Haq Mazher ul. Theory and Practice in Political Science. Lahore: Book land, 1996.
3. Agarwal, R. C. Political Theory: Principles of Political Science. New Delhi: S. Chand & Co., 2006.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Ahmad Shafi, Choudhry. Usul-e-Siyasiat (Urdu). Lahore: Standard Book Depot, 1996.
2. Bashir Ahmad, Sheikh. Riyasat Jo Ilm (Sindhi meaning Science of State). Jamshoro: Institute of Sindhalogy, University of Sindh, 1985.
3. G. Roskin, Michael. Political Science: An Introduction. London: Prentice Hall, 1997.
4. Sarwar, Mohammad. Introduction to Political Science. Lahore: Ilmi Kutub Khana, 1996.
5. Jackson, Robert and Dorreen Jackson. A Comparative Introduction to Political Science. New Jersey: Prentice – Hall, 1997.
6. Mackenzi, Ian ed. Political Concepts: A Reader and Guide. Edinburgh: University Press, 2005.

**Semester– BS VII MA III**

**PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE-IR-103**

- Contents:
1. Origin, Development and Scope of International Relations.
  2. Approaches to the study of International Relations.
  3. Evaluation of the State- system.
  4. Nationalism and Sovereignty.

5. Imperialism, Colonialism & NEO = Colonialism.
6. National Power
7. Balance of Power.
8. Regionalism and Internationalism.
9. Modes of International Relations: Friendship and Cooperation, Diplomacy, Alliances, Propaganda and Subversion.
10. Economic Instruments of State Policy.
11. War: Causes and Consequences.
12. The future of Mankind and the changing principles of International Relations.

***RECOMMENDED BOOKS:***

1. Brown, Seymon, International Relations in a Changing Global System.  
Boulder; Westvies, 1992.
2. Cox, Robert, Approaches to the World Order. Cambridge University Press, 1996.
3. Deutsch, K.W., The Analysis of International Relations.  
N.Y. Prentice Hall, 1978.
4. Farns Morth David, International Relations: An Introduction.  
Chicago: Nelson-Hall, 1987.
5. Frankel, Joseph. International Politics: Conflict and Harmony.  
London: Penguin, 1969.
6. Gilpin, R., War and Change in International Politics,  
Cambridge University Press, 1984.
7. Hass Ernst B., & Whiting, Allen S, Dynamics of International Relations.  
N.Y. Mc.Graw Hill, 1975.
8. Lopez, George A. & Stohl, Michael S., International Relations: Contemporary Theory & Practices: Washington D.C. Congressional Quarterly, 1989.

**Semester-III Globalization and International Relations Cr. Hrs.3 CODE:IR-104**

Objectives: This course focuses on the increasing importance, dimensions and impacts of globalization in international relations.

**Contents:**

1. Definition, Nature, Conceptual Development and Significance of Globalization
2. Globalization in the historical perspective
3. Dimensions and impact of globalization:
  - a. Political b. Economic
  - c. Cultural
  - d. Psychological
  - e. Technological
4. Regionalism and globalization
5. Globalization and the developing countries
6. Globalization and the developed countries
7. Collective Security and globalization
8. Globalization: Challenges and prospects
9. Globalization and Muslim World
10. Future of globalized world

**Core Books:**

1. Baylis, J., & Smith, Steve. (ed.). *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*, (New York: Oxford University Press, 1997).
2. Clark, Ian; *Globalization and International Relations Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1999.
3. Kofman, E., & Youngs, G. (ed.), *Globalization: Theory and Practice*, London: Oxford University Press, 1996.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Barry Jones, R. J; *Globalization and Interdependence in the International Political Economy: Rhetoric and Reality*; London: Oxford University Press, 1995.
2. Brown, Seymen, *International Relations in a Changing Global System: Toward a Theory of the World Polity*; Boulder: Westview, 1992.

3. Clarke, I., *Globalization and Fragmentation: International Relations in the Twentieth Century*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1997.
4. Czempiel, E. O., & Rosenau J. N., *Global Changes and Theoretical Challenges: Approaches to World Politics for the 1990s*. Massachusetts: Irvington, 1989.
5. Hussell, Andrew & Wood, Nagaire, *Inequality, Globalization & World Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1997.
6. Jefery Haynes, *Comparative Politics: Globalized World*, New York: Polity, 2005
7. Ijaz, Rana Eijaz, *Globalization and Its Impact on Pakistan*, Lahore: Area Publications, 2004.
8. Kundi, Mansoor Akbar, *Elements of International Political Economy*, 2nd Ed. National Book Foundation, 2004.

#### **Semester-IV BS**

#### **International Relations:1789–1945 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE:IR-105**

Objectives: This course deals with the origin and evolution of International Relations in the modern state system from the French Revolution to the end of the Second World War and the emergence of the UN.

#### **Contents:**

1. French Revolution of 1789
2. Congress of Vienna 1815
3. Balance of Power in Europe
4. World War I: Causes and consequences
5. Treaty of Versailles 1919: Its Impact
6. Emergence of the League of Nations: Causes and consequences
7. The Great Economic Depression
8. Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany
9. World War II: Causes and consequences
10. Emergence of the United Nations: Causes and consequences

#### **Core Books:**

1. Carrie, Albrecht R. *A Diplomatic History of Europe: Since the Congress of Vienna*. London, Methuen, 1955.
2. Anderson, M.S. *The Ascendancy of Europe. 1815-1914*. London: Longman, 1972.
3. Thompson, David, *Europe Since Napoleon*. (2nd revised Ed.) New York: Knopf, 1962.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Field, Little and Henry, W. History of Europe Since 1815. New York: Praeger, 1963.
2. Graham Ross, The Great Powers and Decline of the State System 1914-1940. London: Croom Helm, 1983.
3. Langer, W. L. European Alliances and Alignments, 1871-1914. New York: Practice-Hall, 1950.
4. Leeds, C. A. European History, 1789-1914. (2nd ed.), Plymouth: Macdonald, 1979.
5. Taylor, A. J. P. The Struggle for Mastery in Europe. 1848-1914. Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1954.
6. Temperely, H. and A. J. Grant Europe in the Nineteen and Twentieth Centuries, 1786-1950., London: Longman, 1961.

**Semester–IV BS**

**Geo-Political Structure of the World 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE:IR-106**

**Objective:**

The main objective of the course is to develop an understanding for the students about those dimensions of International Relations which are influenced by prominent geographical factors and features of the world.

**Contents:**

1. Political Geography: a. Traditional boundaries b. Modern boundaries c. Problems of boundaries
2. Geography of Imperialism a. The revolutionary heritage b. Formal Imperialism: the creation of empires c. Informal Imperialism: dominance without empires
3. Human Topography a. Politics of identity b. Politics of ethnicity c. Modernity and digital divide
4. Geography of Resources a. Water resources b. Oil and gas c. Food resources
5. Geo Politics a. Core and periphery b. Choke points c. Buffer zones
6. Power Analysis and Political Geography a. Traditional empires b. Colonial empires c. Offshore empire
7. Geo-Economics a. Theories of geo-economics b. Economics and politics c. Common economic spaces

**Core Books:**

1. Cox, Keven R. Political Geography. Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, 2002.
2. Dicken, Peter. Global Shift: Reshaping the Global Economics Map in the 21st Century. (4th Ed), Sage Publications, London, 2003.
3. Little, Richard and Smith, Michel. Perspective on World Politics. New York: Routledge, 2006.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Kupchan, Charles A., Adler, Emanuel, Ciocaued Jean-Marc and Khong, Yuen Foong; Power in Transition: The Peaceful Change of International Order Tokyo: United Nations University Press, 2001.
2. Martin, I. R. A., Political Geography, New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1993.
3. Miles, Edward L., Global Ocean Politics: The Decision Process on the Law of the Sea, 1973-1982, Martinus: Nijhoff, 1998.
4. Richard, Muir, Political Geography: A New Introduction, New York: Macmillan, 1997.
5. Taylor, Peter J., & Fluet, Colin, Political Geography; New York: Palgrave, 2004.
6. Tellis, Ashely J. Measuring National Power in the Post-Industrial Age. Santa Monica: Rand, 2000.

**Semester-V BS Semester I MA**

**International Relations:1945 to 2000 03 Cr.Hrs CODE:IR-107**

**Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with evolution of the world politics since the end of the 2nd World War and historical background of the existing power politics at international level. To understand the present international scenario, it is essential first to know its historical roots.

**Contents:**

1. East-West Relations:

a. Impact of World War II on global politics b. Emergence of Cold War, Bipolarity, and containment c. Third World Developments-South Asia, Middle East, Afghanistan d. Decolonization e. Emergence of Non-aligned Movement f. Sino-Soviet split and Sino-American rapprochement g. Détente: East-West Cooperation and Peaceful Co-existence h. Disintegration of the Soviet Union: Causes and consequences

2. Post-Cold War Era/New World Order:

a. United Nations in the post-Cold War Era b. Russia in the Post-Soviet setting c. Changing role of NATO d. Emerging Regionalism and Economic Organizations 3. New Poles of International

Power and Influence: a. Rise of China as a Major Power b. Emergence of Japan and Germany as Economic Powers c. Unification of the Germany d. Rise of the Asia-Pacific region

**Core Books:**

1. Kegley, C. W. Jr., World Politics: Trend and Transformation. (4th ed.), Wittkopf, Eugene R.: New York: St. Martin's Press, 1993.
2. Leaver, R., & Charting the Post-Cold Order. Boulder: Westview, 1993. James, L., (Ed.)
3. Spiegel, Steven L., World Politics in New Era, Harcourt: Brace College & Wehling, Fred L., 1999.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Ahmad, Ishtiaq. New Nuclear Order! From Chagai & Pokhran. Islamabad: Institute of Regional Studies, 1998.
2. Ahmer, Moonis,(Ed.) The Arab – Israeli Peace Process: Lesson for India and Pakistan. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2001.
3. Anderson, John, The International Politics of Central Asia. Manchester: Manchester University Press, 1997.
4. Bacher, Peter R., & Gordenker Leon, The United Nations in the 1990s. (2nd Ed.), London: Macmillan, 1994.
5. Bagby, Wesley M., Contemporary International Problems. Chicago: Nelson – Hall, 1983.
6. Bidwal, Praful & Vaniel, Achin; South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1999.

**Semester-V BS Semester I MA**

**Public International Law –I 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE:IR-108**

**Objectives:**

Objectives of this course are to generate awareness among the students regarding the nature, evolution, development and application of International Law, upon the members of international community such as states, international institutions and individuals. This course also addresses the issue of practicability of International Law.

**Contents:**

1. Definition, Nature, and Scope of International Law; Binding Nature of International Law;
2. Origin and development of International Law; relationship between municipal and International Law;
3. Sources of International Law

4. Subjects of International Law: States, international organizations, individual and non-State entities

5. Recognition of State and government, Dejure and Defacto Recognition, legal effects of Recognition, Recognition of insurgency and belligerency and its impacts.

6. State Succession and its effects

7. State Sovereignty: Acquisition of territorial sovereignty

8. Law of extradition and asylum

9. Individuals in International Law: Nationality, Conflict of Nationality Laws, Acquisition and Loss of

Nationality.

**Core Books:**

1. Akehurest, Michael; A Modern Introduction to International Law, London: Allen & Unwin, 1997
2. . 2. August, Ray S., Public International Law: Text, Cases, and Readings, NY: Prentice Hall; 1995. 3. Starke, J. G. An Introduction to International Law, (4th Edn.) London: Butterworth, 1978.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Brierly. J. J. The Law of Nations: An Introduction to International Law of Peace (edited by Humphrey Wedlock 6th Edition). NY. Oxford University Press. 1963.

2. Briggs, Herbert W., The Law of Nations: Cases, Documents and Notes, London : Steven, 1953.

3. Brownlie, Ian. Basic Principles of International Law. 3rd Edition. Oxford University Prsss, 1986.

4. Collins, Edward; International Law in a Changing World: Cases, Documents and Readings. New York: Random House, 1970.

5. Galhn, Gerhard Von, Law Among Nations: An Introduction to Public International Law, London: Mac Millan, 1986.

6. Oppenheim, L., International Law: A Treatise (Vol. I & II): London: Longman: 1955.

7. Ott., D. H. Public International Law in the Modern World. London: Pitman, 1987.

8. Shaw, Malcolm N., International Law. (4th Ed.) London: Cambridge University Press, 1997.

**Semester-V BS Semester I MA**

**Regional and International Organizations 03 Cr. hrs. CODE: IR-109**

**Objectives:**

The course is designed to critically evaluate the emerging role of international and regional organizations, United Nations system and the question of its restructuring as a considerable issue in the 21st century. Globalization and regionalism is leading to establishment of more new organizations in the present scenario.

**Contents:**

1. Origin and Development of International Organizations a. Definitions and Historical Perspective b. League of Nations c. Multilateralism in the 20th Century: Challenges of Global Governance d. Types of International Organizations
2. The United Nations System
3. Regional Organizations a. European Union (EU) b. Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) c. ASEAN Regional Forum d. Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC) e. SAARC f. ECO g. SCO h. APEC Note: The teacher concerned can chose from the above list of regional organization from a to h and can also add if feels necessary.

**Core Books:**

1. David Armstrong, Lorna Lloyd & John Redmond, International Organization in World Politics, New York: 2004
2. Margaret P. Karnas & Karen A. Mingst, International Organizations: The Politics and Process of Global Governance, 2005.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Bennett, L. A. International Organizations: Principles and Eaglewood Cliffs. 2. Inis L. Claud, J. R., Swords in to Plowshares: The Problems and progress of International Organizations.
3. Karnas, Margaret P. & Karen A. Mingst, International Organizations: The Politics and Process of Global Governance, 2005.

**Semester-V BS Semester I MA**

**Foreign Policy Analysis 03 Cr. hrs. CODE: IR-110**

**Objectives:**

The course is designed to develop conceptual and analytical skills among the students to understand the objectives, determinants and importance of foreign policy. It also covers the patterns and approaches to the formulation of foreign policy, and actors playing role in this regard. Foreign policy making process of certain countries is included in this course as models.

**Contents:**

1. Importance of foreign policy in international relations.
2. Principles and objectives of foreign policy. 3. Determinants of foreign policy.
4. Foreign policy making/formulation a. Approaches to the study of foreign policy-formulation b. Internal and external inputs/pressures and limitations in the formulation of foreign policy
5. Foreign policy-making Process: a. Leaders, Institutions and Process b. Foreign Policy, Media, Public Opinion and Domestic Politics c. Foreign Policy; National and Transnational Actors
6. Various strategies for the achievement of the aims and objectives of Foreign Policy; foreign policy implementation-opportunities and obstacles
7. Foreign policy-formulation and the political systems
8. Foreign policy-formulation in USA and China

**Core Books:**

1. Younas, Muhammad Foreign Policy: A Theoretical Introduction, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.
2. Rosenau, James, (Ed.), International Politics and Foreign Policy. London: Francis Pinter; 1980.
3. Rosenau, James, N. The Scientific Study of Foreign Policy, London: Francis Pinter, 1970.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Deutsch, K. W., The Analysis of International Relations. New York: Prentice-Hall, 1978.
2. Fuller, Graham E., The Center of the Universe: The Geo-Politics of Iran. New York: West View, 1991.
3. Holsti, K. J., International Politics: A Framework for Analysis: Prenticehall,. 1978.
4. Kim, Sannel S., China and the World. London: West View Press, 1984.
5. Kissinger, Henry American Foreign Policy: A Global View, New York: Brook Field, 2000.

6. Macridis, Roy C. Foreign Policy in World Politics. (6th Ed.), Eaglewood Cliffs: (Ed.) Prentice –

Hall, 1985.

**Semester-V BS Semester I MA**

**International Political Economy 03 Cr. hrs. CODE: IR-111**

**Objectives:**

The course is designed to provide students with an introduction to some of the mainstream, as well as critical approaches to the study of international political economy (IPE), comparative political economy and the emerging literature on globalization.

**Contents:**

1. Introduction a. Definition b. Evolution c. Scope
2. Theories of International Political Economy a. Economic Internationalism/Liberalism b. Economic Nationalism/Mercantilism c. Marxism/Structuralism/Dependency Theories
3. Politics of International Trade: Multilateral Trade System a. Nature b. Evolution c. Role and Impact of Trade Institutions: GATT & WTO
4. Politics of International Finance: Monetary System a. Nature b. Evolution c. Role and Impact of Financial Institutions: WB & IMF
5. International Investment: Role of Multinational Corporations a. Nature b. Evolution c. Influence of MNC's in IR
6. Issues of development a. North-South Dialogue b. South-South Dialogue c. Foreign Aid: Advantages and Disadvantages
7. Recent developments in IPE a. Economic Integration b. Revival of Economic Nationalism c. Neo-Imperialism, d. Globalization

**Core Books:**

1. Oatley, T. International Political Economy: Interests & Institutions in the Global Economy. North Carolina: Pearson Education USA. (2004).
2. Adams, John, (Ed.) The Contemporary Economy. New York: St. Martins, 1985.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Keohane, Robert O; Beyond Hegemony: Cooperation and Discard in the World Political Economy. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1984.

2. Kundi, Mansoor Akbar. Elements of International Political Economy. (2nd Ed.) Islamabad: National Book Foundation , 2004
3. Spero Joan E. and Hart Jeffrey A., The Politics of Economic, (5th Ed.) New York: Routledge, 2000.
4. Blake, David M., & Walters, Robert H., The Politics of Global Economic. Englewood Cliffs: Prentice – Hall, 1987.
5. Oppenheimer, Peter, (ed.), Issues in Economics: London: Rutledge, 1980. 6. Spero, John Edelman, The Politics of International Economics. (3rd Ed.), London: Allen & Unwin, 1985.

### **Semester-VI BS Semester II MA**

#### **Research Methodology-I 03 Cr. hrs. CODE: IR-112**

##### **Objectives:**

The purpose of this course is to introduce the students with the practice of research in social sciences, especially in the field of international relations. It is about three main phases: the planning, the execution and the reporting in which the course has been devised. It explores the issues and processes to facilitate the preparation of research projects.

##### **Contents:**

1. Introduction to Research a. Definition, nature and scope of the subject b. Epistemology c. Ethics of Social Research
2. Approaches of Research a. Qualitative b. Quantitative
3. Types of Research a. Basic/ Applied Research b. Comparative and Analytical c. Historical d. Exploratory e. Explanatory f. Descriptive
4. Theory Building: Concepts and Hypotheses a. The logic of Theory Building and Testing b. Significance and Formulation of Hypotheses c. The Operationalization of theory d. The Selection of appropriate research technique
5. Literature Review
6. Design of Study a. Identification of Problem b. Sampling c. Development of Instrument d. Data Collection e. Data Analysis
7. Report/Thesis Writing

##### **Core Books:**

1. Blaikie, Norman. (2000). Designing Social Research: The Logic of Anticipation. Cambridge: Polity Press.

2. Wilkinson, David. Ed. (2000). The Researcher's Toolkit: the Complete Guide to Practitioner Research. London: Routledge Farmer

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Anderson, Gary. (2000). Fundamentals of Educational Research. Philadelphia: Routedge farmer.
2. Babbie, Earl. (2004). The Practice of Social Research. Singapore: Thomson learning/Wadsworth.
3. Berry, Ralph. (2000). The Research Project: How to Write It. London & New York: Routledge.
4. Burnham, Peter& Karin Gillad. (2004). Research Methods in Politics. New York: Palgrave MacMillan.
5. Menasche, Lionel. (1997). Writing a Research Paper. Michigan: University of Michigan Press.

**Semester-VI BS Semester II MA**

**Pubic International Law –II 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE: IR-113**

**Objectives:**

This course is the continuation of the International Law-I. Its purpose is to give an understanding to the students regarding the legal framework for mutual interaction of the states, both in times of peace and war. It also covers the legal issues of individuals such as nationality, asylum, extradition etc.

**Contents:**

1. Agents of International Transaction: Diplomatic Envoys, Consuls, Rights, privileges and immunities of Diplomatic Envoys and Consuls.
2. Law of Treaties: Kinds nomenclature formation, invalidation and termination of treaties.
3. International Disputes: Peaceful and coercive means of settlement of international disputes.
4. Role of UN in solving international disputes and maintenance of international peace and good order.
5. Laws of War and Armed Conflicts; Difference between combatants and non-combatants, lawful and unlawful combatants; rights of prisoners of war; war and human rights.
6. Islamic Concept of Law of War, Rights and Duties of Belligerent parties.

7. Concept of Neutrality and Quasi-Neutrality; Difference between neutral and neutralized States; rights and duties of neutral and belligerent States.

8. International Law and the present-day challenges.

**Core Books:**

1. Starke, J. G., An Introduction to International Law, (4th Edn.) London: Butterworth, 1978.

2. Brownlie, Ian, Principles of Public International Law, London: Oxford University Press. 1999

3. Dixon, Martin, Textbook on International Law. Blackstone Press Limited 2002

4. Gerhard Von Glahn, Law Among Nations: An Introduction to Public International Law, London: Allyn & Bacon, Inc. 1995.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Ian Brownlie, Principles of Public International Law, London: Oxford University Press.1999

2. Majid Khuduri, The Islamic Law of Nations, Baltimore: John Hapkins Press.1966  
3. Oppenheim, L. International Law.1966

4. Ott, D. H., Public International Law in the Modern World, Pitman.1987

5. Ray S. August, Public International Law: Text, Cases, and Readings, Prentice Hall PTR.1995

6. Strake A. J. E., International Law, London: Bulleworths. 1978

7. Thomas Buergenthal, Harold G. Maier, Public International Law in a Nutshell, West Publishing ` Company.1990.

**Semester–VI BS Semester II MA**

**Foreign Policy of Pakistan 03 Cr. Hrs.CODE:IR-114**

**Objectives:**

The purpose of this course is to understand the background of foreign policy of Pakistan in proper reference to context. Moreover, the students will be taught about the main determinants, guiding principles, desired and acquired objectives in the age of competing national interest of the state and also taught Pakistan relations with various countries, its role in selected regional and international organizations, its policy and strategy towards non-state actors will be analyzed. Furthermore foreign policy of Pakistan toward various regional and global issues would be discussed too.

**Contents:**

1. Introduction to Pakistan's Foreign Policy a. Major determinants, principles and objectives b. Geo-Political and Geo-strategic setting c. Foreign policy-making process d. Divergence and convergence in government and public perceptions

2. Phases of Pakistan's Foreign policy (Brief Review) a. Phase I (1947-1953): The Formative Phase. b. Phase II (1954-62): The Period of Alignment. c. Phase III (1962-1971) Bilateralism d. Phase IV (1971 – 1979) Post 1971 Pakistan: New direction of Foreign Policy e. Phase V (1979 – 1988) Pakistan and Soviet Military Intervention in Afghanistan f. Phase VI (1989 – 2001) The End of Cold War, the New World Order and Pakistan. g. Phase VII (2001 onward) Post 9/11 to-date

3. Pakistan Relations with the Muslim countries: General overview

4. Relations with selected countries: a. Relations with the United States b. Relations with China c. Relations with Russia d. Relations with India

5. Pakistan's Nuclear Policy: A brief review

6. Pakistan in the United Nations

7. Pakistan's foreign policy: Latest trends and transformations

**Core Books:**

1. Abdul Sattar, Pakistan Foreign Policy: A Concise History-1947 to 2009 (London: Oxford Publication, 2009).

2. Burke, S.M., Pakistan's Foreign Policy, An Historical Analysis, Karachi: Oxford University Press, 1980.

3. Amin, Shahid M. Pakistan Foreign Policy: A Reappraisal, Oxford University Press, Karachi, 2010.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Shahi, Agha Pakistan Security and Foreign Policy. Lahore: Progressive Publishers, 1988.

2. Ahmad, Ishtiaq and Bashir Aamir, India and Pakistan Charting a Path to Peace. Pan Graphics Islamabad 2004.

4. Bhutto, Z. A., The Third World: New Directions. Karachi: Oxford University Press, 1973.

5. Bhutto, Z. A. The Myth of Independence, Karachi. Oxford University Press, 1969.

6. Hasan, Masuma (Ed.) Pakistan in a Changing World. Karachi: PIIA, 1978.

3. Ali, Mehrunnisa Reading in Pakistan Foreign Policy 1971-1988, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.

4. Shah, Mehtab Ali The Foreign Policy of Pakistan: Ethnic Impacts on Diplomacy, Oxford: I. B. Tauris, 1997.

5. Mujtaba, Rizvi. The Frontiers of Pakistan, Karachi: National Publishing House, 1971.

6. Hussain, Riffat Pakistan's Foreign Policy: A Reader, 2 Volumes Rawalpindi: Feroz Sons, 1988.

7. Jan, Tarik Pakistan's Foreign Policy: The Years Ahead, Islamabad: Institute of Policy Studies, 1994

### **Semester-VI BS Semester II MA**

#### **Defense and Strategic Studies 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE:IR-115**

##### **Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are to familiarize the students with the basic concepts and terminologies of the discipline. Purpose is to understand the ideas and views of strategic thinkers relating to evolution and development in the field of Defense and Strategic Studies as an academic discipline, and make them capable to critically analyze strategic trends and contemporary security issues around the globe. The use of military force and the phenomena of warfare, its kinds – low intensity conflict are discussed here.

##### **Contents:**

1. Definition, Importance, Scope and basic assumptions of Defense and Strategic Studies
2. Evolution and development of strategic thought: Major Thinkers: a. Sun TZU b. Karl Von Clausewitz c. Henry Jomoni d. Alfred T. Mahan e. Mackinder f. Galio Douhet g. Mao Tse-Tung h. Lidell Hart i. Thomas Schilling j. Henry Kissinger
3. Evolution and Development of Modern Warfare. a. War as an instrument of national policy b. Nuclear Parity / deterrence c. LowIntensity Conflict d. Mutual Assured Destruction e. Massive Retaliation and Flexible Response f. Countervailing Strategies
4. Impact of Technology on Strategic Thinking a. War Avoidance and Strategy of Prevention b. Confidence and Security-Building Measures c. Conflict and Crisis Management d. Non-Proliferation and Arms Control Strategies
5. Non-Kinetic Warfare a. Media, Propaganda and Cyber Warfare b. Psychological Warfare
6. Asymmetric Warfare
7. Contemporary Issues and Emerging Trends in Defense Strategic Studies

##### **Core Books:**

1. M. Cronin, Patrick (Ed), 2nd The Evolution of Strategic Thought: Adelphi Papers Classics "Routledge.2008

2. Adelman, Kenneth L. The Defence Revolution, Strategy for the Brave New World, San Francisco: Institute of Contemporary Studies. 1990

3. Beafre, Indre, An Introduction to Strategic Studies, London: Faber & Faber.1967

4. Buzan, Berry, An Introduction to Strategic Studies, London: Faber & Faber 1967.

**Recommended Books:**

1. John G. Steossinger, Why Nations Go to War (New York: St. Martin Publishers, 2001).

2. M. Kane, Thomas, (2007) Ancient China on Postmodern War: Enduring Ideas from the Chinese Strategic Tradition,New York, Routledge.2007

3. T. Richelson, Jeffrey, (2007) Spying on the Bomb: American nuclear intelligence from Nazi Germany to Iran and North Korea, New York, Nortonand Company.2007

4. Mandel, Robert, (2006) Security, Strategy, and Quest for Bloodless War. New Delhi, India Viva Books Private Ltd.

5. Clausewitz, K. V., (1976) On War (Translated Edn.) Princeton: Princeton University Press.

6. George, Alexander L., (1991) Avoiding War: Problems of Crisis Management. Boulder: Westview.

7. Kissinger, Henry A., (1983) Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy. New York: Doubleday Anchor Books.

8. Knorr, Klaus (Ed), Power, Strategy and Security, New York, Princeton University Press.1983

9. Schelling, Thomas, C. The Strategy of Conflict. Oxford: Oxford University Press.1963

10. Wright, Quincy, A Study of War. Chicago: University of Chicago Press. 1965.

**Semester-VI BS Semester II MA**

**Diplomacy 03Cr Hrs CODE:IR-116**

**Objectives:**

Diplomacy is an important means by which states execute policies. It is largely designed to enable states to secure the objective of their foreign policies by interacting with the other states preferably without a resort to force in war. The main purpose of this course is to acquaint the students not only about the linkage between foreign policy and diplomacy of a country but

also to teach them about the means and methods of achieving the aims and objectives of foreign policy through various kinds of diplomacy. In addition, important matters related to diplomacy will be covered in the course in its theoretical and applied dimensions.

**Contents:**

1. Origin and Evolution of Diplomacy
2. Definition, Nature and Importance of Diplomacy.
3. The linkage between Foreign Policy and Diplomacy.
4. Types of Diplomacy: Old and New Diplomacy; Open and Secret, Formal and Informal
5. Kinds of Diplomacy: Summit Diplomacy, Bilateral Diplomacy, Multilateral Diplomacy, Preventive Diplomacy, Quiet/Silent Diplomacy, Gunboat Diplomacy, Islamic Approach to Diplomacy
6. Multi-track Diplomacy
7. Informal Channels of Diplomacy: Media and NGOs
8. Role of Foreign Office/Ministry of Foreign Affairs
9. Role of Career, Non-career diplomats and the political leadership

**Core Books:**

1. Kissinger, Henry, Diplomacy. New York: Simon and Schuster, 1994.
2. Younas, Muhammad Foreign Policy: A Theoretical Introduction, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003
3. Nicolson, Harold, Diplomacy. Washington D.C: Institute for the Study of Diplomacy, 1988

**Recommended Books:**

1. Abba, Eban, Diplomacy for the Next Century. London: Yale University Press, 1998.
2. Kaplan, Stephan, Diplomacy and Power. Washington DC: Brookings, 1981.
3. Lauren, Paul (Ed.), Diplomacy: New Approaches in History. Theory and Practice. New York: Free Press, 1979.
4. Davis, John and Kaufaman, Edward, (ed.) Second Track/Citizens' Diplomacy: Concept and Techniques for Conflict Transformation, Lanham: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, 2003
5. Rana, Kishan S., Bilateral Diplomacy. New Delhi: Nanas Publications, 2002.
6. Fry, Michael Graham, Goldstein, Erik and Langhorne, Richard, Guide to International Relations and Diplomacy, NY: Continuum, 2002.

**Semester VI BS Semester II MA**

**Conflict Management and Resolution 03Cr Hrs CODE:IR-117**

**Objectives:**

This course is primarily about developing a broadly applicable and eclectic purview of conflict and peace. It is not just theory-oriented discourse but also includes some practical skills for handling conflict as these have been developed by practitioners in various contexts of conflicts. We will also devote weekly debate/discussion sessions to relate the course content to their own experience and knowledge and to develop their own ideas will also be arranged.

**Contents:**

1. Defining Conflict and its Sources a. Definition and Nature of Conflict  
b. Systemic Sources c. Societal Sources d. Bureaucratic and Organizational Sources e. Terrorism and Religion: New Dimensions
2. Basic and Complex Level of Analysis a. The Individual Level b. The Group Level c. The State Level d. The Decision-Making Level e. The Ideological, Social and Economics Levels
3. Typologies of Conflict a. Low Intensity Conflict b. High Intensity Conflict c. International Conflict d. Non-International Conflict
4. Basics of Conflict Management and Resolution a. Conflict Management and Resolution between States b. Conflict Management and Resolution in Civil Wars c. Conflict Management and Resolution in State Formation
5. Techniques of Conflict Management and Resolution a. Negotiation: New Trends in Negotiation Theory b. Facilitation c. Good Offices d. Mediation in International Relations. e. Commission of Enquiry f. Conciliation g. Arbitration h. Adjudication i. Improvements in the Bargaining Strategies j. Confidence Building Measures
6. Conflict Prevention and Pre-emption: a. From Prevention to Pre-emption b. Preventive Diplomacy
7. Case Studies

**Core Books:**

1. David .P. Barash & Charles. P. Webel, Peace and Conflict Studies, SAGE Publications, 2002.
2. Peter. Wallenstein, Understanding Conflict Resolution, SAGE Publications, 2002.
3. Sandra Cheldelin, Daniel Druckman & Larissa Fast, (ed). Conflict: From Analysis to Intervention. London: Continuum. 2003

**Recommended Books:**

1. Allen, John (editor). *The Rainbow People of God: The Making of a Peaceful Revolution*. New York: Doubleday, 1994.
2. Boulding, Elise. *A Culture of Peace: The Hidden Side of History*. Syracuse: Syracuse University Press, 2000.
3. Sloan, Douglas ed. *Education for Peace and Disarmament*. New York: Columbia University, 2003.

### **Semester-VII BS Semester III MA**

#### **Comparative and Developmental Politics 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE: IR-118**

##### **Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to make the students aware about the basic concepts and terminology often used in the study of political systems and processes, commonly in all the societies. Further, the students are to be prepared for making meaningful comparisons of various political systems with reference to their political functions, structures, cultures, development, processes etc.

##### **Contents:**

1. Meanings and significance of comparative politics. Nature and scope of this study.
2. Approaches of the study of politics: Traditional and Behavioral approaches with criticism.
3. Political System: Definition, meanings and characteristics of political system; Functional and structural approach in the study and comparison of political systems. David Easton's and Almond-Colman's model of political system.
4. Political Culture: definition; significance of the study in the context of international relations; types of political culture.
5. Political Development: meanings and common characteristics and indicators of political development.
6. Socio-political change and modernization: Major Theories and their Functional Implications;
7. Major Issues of National Identity and Integration: Legitimacy, role of bureaucracy and military elite, charismatic leadership in the political systems.

##### **Core Books:**

1. G. A. Almond, *Comparative Politics*, Princeton U. P. (latest edition).
2. G. M. Career, 6th Ed., *Major Foreign Powers*, New York, 1972.

3. G. A. Almond and J. Coleman, *The Politics of Developing Areas*, Princeton University Press, (latest edition)

4. H. V. Wiseman, *Political System Some Sociological Approaches*, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1966.

**Recommended Books:**

1. A. Dahl, Robert. *On Democracy*. New Heaven: Yale University Press, London.

2. O'Neil, Patrick and Rogowski, Ronald. *Essential Readings in Comparative Politics*. New York-London: W.W. Norton & Company.

3. Jalal, Ayesha. *Democracy and authoritarianism in South Asia: a comparative and historical perspective*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 1995.

**Semester-VII BS Semester III MA**

**Comparative Foreign Policy of Major Powers: US, Russia, & China 03 Cr. Hrs.**  
**CODE:IR-119**

**Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to give a comparative understanding of the historical background, principles, aims, objectives, determinants and procedures of foreign policies of USA, China and Russia. Contents: The foreign policies of these countries are to be studied, and compared from the following dimensions

1. Historical background
2. Major determinants
3. Aims and objectives
4. Case studies: Comparative Foreign Policy of US, Russia, and China.

**Core Books:**

1. Breslauer, George W. & Tetlock Philip, E., *Learning in US and Soviet Foreign Policy*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1981.

2. Jentleson, Bruce W., *American Foreign Policy: The Dynamics of Choice in the 21st Century*. New York: WW Norton & Co., 2004.

3. Pijl, Kees Van Der. *Global Rivalries: from the Cold War to Iraq*, New Delhi: Vistaar/Sage Publications, 2006.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Barnett, D. A., *The Making of Foreign Policy in China: Structure and Process*, Boulder: WestView, 1985.
2. Immanuel, C. Y., *The Rise of Modern China*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1990.
3. Macridis, Roy C., *Foreign Policy in World Politics*. (6th Ed.), Englewood Cliffs: (Ed.) Prentice-Halla, 1985.
4. Seymon, Brown, *The Faces of Power: Constancy and Change in the United States Foreign Policy: From Truman to Reagan*. New York: Columbia University Press, 1983.
5. W Simon, Sheldon, Evelyn Goh, "China, the United States and South East Asia: Contending Perspectives on Politics, Security and Economics". Routledge, August 2007.
6. Beeson, Mark, *Bush and Asia: America's Evolving Relations with East Asia*. Routledge, October 2007
7. Swain, Michael. Ashley J. Tellis, *Interpreting China's Grand Strategy*. RAND 2000.
8. F. Kornberg and John R. Faust, *China in World Politics, Processes and Prospects*. New Delhi India, Viva Books Private Ltd., 2007
9. Eadie, Pauline and Lloyd Pettiford (Ed), *Foreign Policies of Major Powers: Politics and Diplomacy since World War II*. (Volume 1-4), London, New York, I.B. Tausris, 2007.

### **Semester-VII BS Semester III MA**

### **International Relations in the New Millennium 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE:IR-120**

#### **Objectives:**

This course aims to enhance the understanding of students about the contemporary issues of International Relations in the 21st century. It will enable the students to revisit the major theoretical debates and concepts of International Relations in the light of new developments in the World Politics.

#### **Contents:**

1. The UN Millennium Development Goals
2. Emerging Major Debates: The Clash of Civilizations and Dialogue among the Civilization
3. The Changing Nature of the inter-state Conflict: the Concept of the Cold Peace
4. 9/11 and Aftermaths
5. War on Terrorism and Approaches to counter terrorism 6. Conflict in the Middle East

7. The Challenge of Global Capitalism - The World Economy in the 21st Century
8. China: A Rising Power in the World Politics
9. Arab Uprisings
10. Crises of Sovereignty in the Globalized World
11. Post-conflict Peace-building (Iraq, Afghanistan, and Libya)
12. Changing Role of Media in World Politics
13. Non-state Actors in the Globalized World
14. Energy Politics
15. Latest Developments/ Trends and Transformations

**Core Books:**

1. Berridge G.R, Diplomacy Theory and Practice, Palgrave Publishers Limited, 2002.
2. Harold, Nicolson Diplomacy, George Town University 1988.
3. Fry, Michael Graham, Goldstein, Erik and Langhorne, Richard, Guide to International Relations and Diplomacy, NY: Continuum, 2002

**Recommended Books:**

1. Fisher & Ury (Ed.). Getting to Yes: Negotiating Agreement Without Giving In, London: Penguin, 1981
2. Rubin & Bacoritch, (Ed.), Mediation in International Relations London: Macmillan, 1992
3. Talbott, Strobe, The Master of Game. New York: Knopf, 1988.

**Semester-VII BSSemester III MA**

**Comparative Political Systems of UK, US, Russia and China (any two) 03 Cr. Hrs.  
CODE:IR-201**

**Objectives:**

The main purpose of this course is to give an understanding to the students about the functioning of various political systems and their structural and functional analysis. In this course efforts are made to cover the various aspects of the political systems of developed or developing or both. It will generate awareness among the students about the actual functioning of these political systems and the decision-making process, especially regarding the external relations.

**Contents:**

Following aspects of the political systems subject to study shall be covered.

1. Historical background and development;

2. Constitutional/legal foundations of the system;
3. Political process and political recruitment; a. Political party systems and the pressure groups' role in the process. b. Functioning of the organs of the government: legislature, executive and judiciary c. Political environmental factors influencing the politics such as geographic, socio-economic, international scenario, media etc
4. Political culture.

**Core Books:**

1. F. N Forman and N. D. J Baldwin, British Politics, London: MacMillan, 1991
2. G. Q. Wilson, American Government: Institutions and Politics, 3rd Edition, Heath & Co., n.d.
3. Harold J. Laski, Parliamentary Government in England, London, Allen & Unwin, 1960
4. J. M. Colomer, Political Institutions in Europe, London, 1996
5. M. Carter Gwendolen and John H. Hertz, Major Foreign Powers, New York: Harcourt, Brace & World, INC, 1967

**Recommended Books:**

1. P. G Cocker, Contemporary British Politics and Government, Kent, Tudor Business Publishing Ltd., 1993,
2. Pomper McWilliams Baker, American Government, McMillan Publishing Co. London, 1993
3. Ramsay Muir, How Britain is Governed, London, Constable & Co., 1940
4. Robert G. Neumann, European Government, New York: McGraw-Hill, INC, 1968
5. Thomas E. Patterson, The American Democracy, Boston, McGraw-Hill College, 1999

**Semester–VII BS Semester III MA**

**Politics of Pakistan 03Cr. Hrs. CODE:IR-202**

**Objective:**

The objective of this course is to generate awareness among the students regarding the internal dynamics of Pakistan politics.

**Contents:**

1. Constitutional foundation of Pakistan's political system.
2. Nature and characteristics of political party system and pressure groups.
3. Major Political Movements, debates and controversies
4. Federalism in Pakistan – Constitutional Provisions and Politics of Center Province Relations

5. The Issue of Ethnic Diversity and its management.
6. Nature and patterns of political alliances in the country.
7. Civil-military relations.
8. Decision making process in general.
9. Decision making regarding the external relations of the country.
10. Major Challenges to the Political Stability

**Core Books:**

1. Khan, Hamid. Constitutional and Political History of Pakistan. Lahore: Oxford University Press, 2001.
2. Mahmood, Safdar. Constitutional Foundations of Pakistan. Lahore: Jang Publishers, 1990.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Askari Rizvi, Hasan. Military and Politics in Pakistan. Lahore: Progressive Publishers, latest edition.
2. Askari Rizvi, Hasan. Pakistan and the Geostrategic Environment: A Study of Foreign Policy. London: Macmillan Press, 1993.

**Semester-VIII BS Semester VI MA**

**Arms Control and Disarmament 03 Cr. Hrs. CODE-IR-203**

**Objectives:**

The basic objective of this course is to familiarize the student of the interlinkage of foreign and security policies which culminates into war and peace between the states. The study examines the steps that have been taken to control the nuclear and conventional weapons to achieve peace and security round the globe. It also focuses on the problems of verification, transparency and on-site inspection.

**Contents:**

1. Definition and Theories of Armaments: Causes of Conventional and Nuclear Arms Races.
2. Relationship between Disarmament & Arms Control,
3. Theories and Approaches of disarmament and its critiques
4. Types & problems of Disarmaments and Arms Control. a. Inspection, verification and enforcement b. Transparency in Arms Transfer

5. A review of Arms Control Negotiations and Treaties a. Nuclear Supplier Group, Zangger Committee 1971. b. Arms Control: Theory of Arms Control, Brief outlines of Pre-World War-I efforts towards disarmament and Post-World War-II process and arms control agreements-Antarctic Treaty, PTBT, Outer Space Treaty, Treaty of Tlatelolco, NPT, CWC, SALT-I, ABM Treaty, Sea-Bed Treaty, BW Convention, CTBT, PNET, ENMOD Convention, SALT-II Treaty, & START, FMCT, Nuclear Non-Proliferation and their present status, National Missile Defense, Current Trends in Arms Control and Disarmament and Development. c. Case Studies of the Arms Control Policies of any two of the existing and emerging Nuclear Powers/States. d. Alternative Security Strategies: Confidence-Building Measures, No Offensive Defence. Nuclear Restraint Régimes, Nuclear Weapons Free Zones, Proliferation Security Initiative (PSI).

6. Case Studies: a. Arms Race between Superpowers, Great Powers & Third World States (India v/s Pakistan) b. Arms Control Measures: Failures and Successes.

**Core Books:**

1. Allan, Pierre, Crisis Bargaining and the Arms Race. MA: Ballinger, 1983.
2. Blacker, Coit D., & Duffy, Glors, International Arms Control. (2nd ed.), Stanford: Calift: Stanford University Press, 1984.
3. Goldblat, Jozef, Agreements for Arms Control: A Critical Survey. London: Taylor & Francis Ltd., 1982.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Alison, Graham T., and Carnesale, Albert, An Agenda for Avoiding Nuclear War. New York: St. Martins, 1985.
2. Carnesale, Albert, Learning from Experience with Arms Control. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1986.
3. Charles H. Jr., & Shulsky, From Arms Control to Arms Reduction: The Historical Experience, the Washington Quarterly, Summer 1987.
4. Dean, Johnathan, Watershed in Europe: Dismantling the East-West Military Confrontation. Irvington: Irvington Books, 1986.
5. Haley, Edward P., & Merritt, Jack, (Ed.), Nuclear Strategy Arms Control and the Future, (2nd Ed.) Boulder and London: Westview Press, 1988.
6. Halloran, Bernard E. (Ed.), Essays on Arms Control and National Security. Washington DC: United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, 1987.

**LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES:**

Following is the list of elective/optional courses to be offered by the concerned department/institutions. The contents of the course(s) as well as the core and the suggested books will be pointed out by the faculty at the time, a course is offered.

**A. Issues**

1. CONFLICT MANAGEMENT AND RESOLUTION IR-201
- 2 . Nuclearization of South Asia IR-202
3. International Politics of Environment IR-203
4. Emerging Regional World Orders IR-204
5. Nuclear Non-proliferation IR-205
6. Major Issues in International Relations IR-206
7. Comparative Political Systems of UK, US, Russia, and China (Any two) IR-207
8. Foreign and Security Policies of European Union IR-208
9. Emerging Regional and World Orders IR-209
10. Research Methodology-II IR-210
11. Modernization and Democratization in the Muslim World IR-211
12. Pakistan Defence and Security Policy IR-212
13. Kinetic and Non-Kinetic Warfare IR-213
14. Politics of Indian Ocean IR-214
15. International Law of the Seas IR-215
16. Foreign Policy of India IR-216
17. Terrorism and Counter-terrorism IR-217
18. International Relations in Islam IR-218
19. Non-state Actors in International Relations IR-219
20. Media and International Relations IR-220
21. Gender and International Relations IR-221
22. International Humanitarian Law IR-222
23. United Nations: Reforms and Restructuring IR-223
24. OIC: Reforms and Restructuring IR-224
25. Enlightened Moderation and the Muslim World IR-225

26. Cyber Wars IR-226
27. MNCs and NGOs in International Relations IR-227
28. National Liberation Movements and Decolonization IR-228
29. Ethnic Conflicts in Global Perspective IR-229
30. Religion, Ideology and International Relations IR-230
31. Science, Technology and International Relations IR-231
32. Ethics and Morality in International Relations IR-232
33. Power Politics and Beyond IR-233
34. International Economic Groups IR-234

**B. Area Studies**

1. Governments and Politics of South Asia IR-301
2. West Asia and Arab World Since 1919 IR-302
3. Asia-Pacific IR-303
4. East Asia IR-304
5. Central Asia and Caucasus IR-305
6. Western Europe IR-306
7. Eastern Europe IR-307
8. North Europe: Scandinavian-Nordic Countries IR-308
9. Latin-Central America IR-309
10. South America IR-310
11. North America IR-311
12. Russian Federation and Eurasia IR-312
13. Middle East and North Africa (MENA) IR-313
14. Southern Africa IR-314
15. Central Africa IR-315

**LIST OF IR GENERAL COURSES (3 Cr.Hrs)**

Following is the list of elective/optional courses to be offered by the concerned department/institutions. The contents of the course(s) as well as the core and the suggested books will be pointed out by the faculty at the time, a course is offered.

1. Introduction to History IR-014
2. Introduction to Philosophy IR-011
3. Political Thought IR-021
4. Introduction to Law IR-022
5. Introduction to Geography IR-010
6. Introduction to Economics IR-012
7. Introduction to Sociology IR-015
8. Introduction to Education IR-018
9. Introduction to Social Work IR-019
10. Introduction to Psychology IR-020
11. Introduction to Public Administration IR-017
12. Introduction to Economy of Pakistan IR-023
13. Introduction to Anthropology IR-024
14. Introduction to Mass Communication IR-016
15. Political History of Pakistan: 1947 to present IR-025
16. Constitutional Development in Pakistan IR-026
17. Introduction to Gender Studies IR-027
18. History of Islam (Holy Prophet to Pious Caliphates) IR-028
19. Logic and Reasoning IR-029
20. Introduction to Everyday Science IR-030
21. Introduction to Nuclear Physics IR-031
22. Introduction to Computer Skills IR-013

**COURSES OF STUDIES FOR M.Phil/MS DEGREE IN  
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.**

The Syllabus was originally approved by the Departmental Board of Studies in its meeting held on 13<sup>th</sup> & 14<sup>th</sup> September 2012. Revised in Departmental Board of Studies on 28 Oct. 2016.

The M.Phil Course Work comprises of 24 credit hours and Thesis writing of 6 credit hours. In total M.Phil Degree Will be of 30 credit hours .

**M. Phil Course Work**

**First Semester**

**Compulsory Courses**

S.No	<u>course Code</u>	<u>Course Title</u>	Credit Hours	Marks.
1.	<u>IR-501</u>	Research Methodology	03	100
2.	<u>IR-502</u>	Pakistan's Foreign Relations	03	100

**Optional Courses**

S.No	<u>course Code</u>	<u>Course Title</u>	Credit Hours	Marks.
1.	<u>IR-601</u>	Nature of International Organizations	03	100
2.	<u>IR-602</u>	World Politics Since 1945	03	100

**Second Semester**

**Compulsory Courses**

S.No	<u>course Code</u>	<u>Course Title</u>	Credit Hours	Marks.
1.	<b><u>IR-503</u></b>	<b>Basic factors in International Relations</b>	<b>03</b>	100
2.	<b><u>IR-504</u></b>	<b>Diplomatic History of International Relations</b>	<b>03</b>	100

**Optional Courses**

S.No	<u>course Code</u>	<u>Course Title</u>	Credit Hours	Marks.
1.	<b><u>IR-603</u></b>	<b>Politics of International Economic Relations</b>	<b>03</b>	100
2.	<b><u>IR-604</u></b>	<b>Contemporary Strategy</b>	<b>03</b>	100

**Third & Forth Semester, Thesis Writing**

The candidate will have to submit Assignments as assigned by his/her supervisor in the registrar's office during the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Semester. After the final submission of his/her M.Phil thesis the candidate will have to defend his/her research as per decided and arranged by Academic Section/GSO.

<b>Thesis Writing</b>	<b>06 -Credit hours</b>
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**FIRST SEMESTER**

**Paper 1. IR-501**

**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

**Equal to 3 Credits Marks 100**

**COPMULSARY COURSES**

**Part One.**

**Introduction to Research.**

- Introduction
- Paradigms
- Theory.
- Research.

**Part Two.**

**The Structuring of Research.**

- Research Design.
- Conceptualization.
- Operationalization.
- Measurement.
- Indexes, Scales and typologies.
- The logic of Sampling.

**Part Three.**

**Modes of observation.**

- Experiments
- Survey Research.
- Qualitative Field Research.
- Unobtrusive Research.
- Evaluation Research.

**Part Four.**

**Analysis of Data.**

- Qualitative Data Analysis.
- Quantitative Data Analysis.

**Recommended Readings:**

Campbell, Donald, and Julian Stanley. 1963, "Experimental and Quasi Experimental Designs for Research" , (Chicago Rand McNaily).

Couper. Harris M.1989. "Integrating Research: A Guide for Literature Reviews, (Canada Thousand Oaks, Sage).

Babbie, Earl. 2005 "The Basics of Social Research" (3<sup>rd</sup> ed) ( Canada: Wadsworth). \_\_\_\_\_," 1990," Survey Research Methods", (Canada: Belmont, Wadsworth)

Ber, Bruce L. 1989, "Qualitative Research Methods for the Social Sciences" ( Boston: Ellyn and Bacon).

Sakaran, Uma. "Research Methods for Business: A Skill Building Approach", (4<sup>th</sup> ed) (USA: Carbonale).

**Paper II. IR-502**  
**Pakistan's Foreign Relations**

**Equal to.3 Credits**

**Marks 100**

1. Pakistan Foreign Policy in Historical Perspective ( Study of events. Causes & effects since 1947)
2. Goals of Pakistan Foreign Policy.
  - Territorial Security.
  - Political integrity.
  - Economic Progress.
3. Relations with Muslim World: Critical Study of Chronologically based events. Casues & effects with special reference to Iran. Afghanistan & Saudi Arabia.
4. Security Concerns of Pakistan & its Foreign Policy: Geo- Political Position of Pakistaqn & hazard created by the same.
5. Decision-Making: Critical Study of internal & external factors.
6. Economic Progress & Foreign Policy of Pakistan: Study of a low trade, foreign inverstment & its impact on the foreign policy
7. International & Regional Organization.
  - UNO
  - OIC
  - SAARC
  - ECO
8. Concept of Global Village & Pakistan Foreign Policy.
9. Terrorism & Pakistan Foreign Policy.

RECOMENDED READINGS.

1. Ahmed Mushtaq, Pakistan Foreign Policy, Karachi S[ace Publisher 1968.
2. Ahamr Moonis, The Soviet Role in south Asia 1969-1987, Karachi, Area Study Centre for Europe, University of Karachi.
3. Aman Akhter, New Trends in Pakistan Foreign Policy, Lahore Progressive Publisher, 1994.
4. Bhutto, Z.A Foreign, Policy of Pakistan A Co medium of speeches made in the National Assemble of Pakistan, Karachi, Pakistan Institute of International Affairs.
5. Burke, S.M., Pakistan's Foreign Policy: A Historical Analysis, London, London University Press, 1973.
6. Frabj, P. Joseph, The Making of Foreign Policy, London 1963.
7. Stremean John , J. 3rd , Foreign Policy Priorities of the Third World States Boueder Colorado, Westives 1982.

**OPTIONAL COURSES**

**Paper III. IR-601**

**Nature of International Organizations**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

1. The evolution of International Organizations.
2. League of Nations –
  - a. Origin
  - b. Structure and Nature.
  - c. Functioning and Causes of the Failure of the League.
3. The UNO –
  - a. Origin Aims and Objectives.
  - b. The Organizational Structural of the UN-
  - c. Principle Organs and their Functions. The Specialized Agencies and their Function within the UN System.
5. Collective Security Preventive Diplomacy, Peace-keeping and peace-making role of the UN.
6. The Role of UN in Post-Cold War era. UN Secretary General's Report "Agenda for Peace". The Restructuring of the United Nations, the Expansion of Security Council, New Role of the General Assembly and of the Secretary General.

7. Arms Control and Disarmament under the UN.

**SUGGESTED BOOKS:**

1. Archer, C. International Organizations, London: Allen and Unwin, 1983.
  2. Armstrong, D. The Rise of International Organizations, London:McMillan,1982.
  3. Bennett, A.L International Organizations: Principles and Eaglewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice-Hall, 1977.
  4. Cheever, Danial Organizing for Peace: International Organizations in World S, & Jr.Haviland, Affairs. London: Skven & Son. 1957.
- H.**
5. Goodspeed, Stephen S., The Nature and the Function of International Organization. N.Y. 1980.
  6. Verrier, A. International Peace – Keeping: London, Penguin, 1981.

**IR-602**

**World Politics Since 1945 100 marks**

**03 Credit hours**

- Contents:*
- I. East-West Relations:
    1. Impact of World War-II on the structure of World Politics.
    2. Emergence of Super Powers: Bi-polarity, East-west confrontation, Cold War.
    3. Sino-Soviet Split, Sino-American Rapprochement.
    4. Détente’ East-West cooperation, peaceful co-existence.
  - II. Post- Cold War Era- New World Order:
    1. United Nation in the Unipolar world.
    2. The Disintegration of the Soviet Union.
    3. East Europe after the Cold War.
  - III. New Roles of International Power and Influence:
    1. Rise of China as a Major Power.
    2. Emergence of Japan as Economic Powers.
    3. Emergence of United Europe.
  - IV. The Third World:
    1. Decolonization.
    2. North-South Dialogue.
    3. Selected regional and International Issues:

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. Calvocressi Peter, World Politics Since 1945 (6<sup>th</sup> ed) London: Longman, 1994.
2. Claude, Inis L, Jr, Power and International Relations. N.Y. Random House, 1962.
3. Dunbadin, J.P.D., International Relations Since 1945. London Longman, 1994.
4. Gabriel, Almoud & G, Comprehensive Politics Today A World View: Gingham Kennedy, London, Scott, Foreman and Co., 1994.  
Paul.,
5. Kegley, Charles, W, World Politics: Trends and Transformations: Jr, & Woltkopf, N.Y. McMillan, 1993  
Eugene R.,
6. Tassilte, John & A Global Agenda: N.Y. United Press of America.  
Weolfson, susan (ed).

**CORE COURSES**

**Paper I. IR-503**

**BASIC FACTORS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- I. International Relations as a discipline: Why we study IR?
- II. Foundations of International Relations.
- III. Leading Schools of Thought in International Relations: Pros and Cons ( Realist, Neorealist, Liberal, Idealist, System Theory, Long Cycle Theory etc)
- IV. Foreign Policy: Why nation-states need Foreign Policies: Kinds of Foreign Policies.
- V. Actors in International Relations, State and Non-States, their major role.
- VI. Interdependence/ Globalization: The Globalization of International Politics.
- VII. Nation-States: Elements of National Power.
- VIII. National Interest: Classification and means of their pursuit .
- IX. War as an Institution: Causes, Sources, and leading thinkers on Was such as Tolstoy, Hegel, Clauswitz, Bruce Mesquita, Quincy Wright, M. Howard.
- X. International Law: Leading cases of its Violations, power gap between core and periphery.
- XI. Terrorism: From Mujahideen to Al Qaeeda US realistic policies and Terrorism: 9/11 and its impacts on restructuring of Foreign Policies.
- XII. Non-Alignment: Between qualified neutrality and unnatural alliances.
- XIII. Miscellaneous (Students can ask for a topic to be discussed in the class), Leading issues of International Relations where Pakistan's concern or interests are involved.

RECOMENDED READINGS.

1. Baylish, John and Steve Smit The Globalization and World Politics: An Introduction to International Relation, 2nd ed . London: Oxford University Press, 2001.
2. Chomsky, N. World Orders, Old and New London: Pluto Publishers, 1994.
3. Deutsch, Karl W. The Analysis of International Relation., New Jersey, Prentice-hall, Inc 1978.
4. Easton, David, The Political System: An Inquiry into the State of Political Science New York: 1953.
5. Kundi, Mansoor Akbar: 2nd ed. Elements of International Political Economy. Islamabad, National Book Foundations, 2005.
6. A Learner's Dictionary of International Relations, Karachi: Federal Urdu University 2006.
7. Merle, Marcel, The Sociology of International Relations, New York: Berg Publishers, 1987.
8. Mesquita, Bruce Bueno De The War Trap, London: Yale University Press 1981.
9. Watson, Matthew, Foundations of International Political Economy , New York: Palgrave, 2005
10. Power, Robert In the Shadow of Power: States and Strategies in International Politics Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1999.
11. Rusell, Bertrand Power , London: Unwin Books, 1967ed.'
12. Sarfraz, A. AKhund, International Political/ Economic Relation: Principles and Policies, Kathiawar Stores, Karachi: 1998.
13. Stiglitz, Joseph. Globalization and its Discontents, New Delhi Publication: Penguins Books 2002.
14. Weinstein , Michael M. Globalization: What's New ed . New York: Columbia University Press, 2005.

**Paper II. IR-504**

**DIPLOMATIC HISTORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS (1648-1945)**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

1. Political Social and religious conditions of Europe to 1648.
2. Treaty of Westphalia 1713: Its implications.
3. The work of philosophers in the Revolution of Europe.
4. French Revolutions of 1789: Causes and Implications.
5. The Napoleonic Era: Reforms, wars and fall.
6. Congress of Vienna: (1815) Its Impact on Europe.
7. the System of Metternich, (1815-1848)
8. French Revolutions (1830-1848)
9. The Balance of Power in Europe (1815-1871)
10. Political Unification in Germany and Italy.
11. Alliance system in Europe ( 1815-1914)
12. First world war: Causes and Consequences.
13. Treaty of Versailles 1919: Its Implications and Effects.
14. Emergence of the League of Nations.
15. The Rise of Fascism in Italy.
16. Dictatorship in Germany.
17. World war II: Causes and Consequences.
18. The formation of the United Nations and its Assessments.

### **REQUIRED READINGS:**

1. Albrecht R. Carr, A Diplomatic History of Europe: Since the Congress of Vienna. London, Methuen, 1955.
2. Anderson, M.S. The Ascendancy of Europe 1815-1914. London: Longman, 1972.
3. Thompson, David, Europe since Napoleon. (2<sup>nd</sup> revised ed) New York: Knopf, 1962.

### **SUGGESTED READINGS.**

1. Field, Little and Henry, W. History of Europe Since 1815. New York. Praeger, 1963.
2. Graham Ross, The Great Powers and Decline of the State System 1914-1940. London: Croom Helm, 1983.
3. Langer, W.L. European Alliances and Alignments . 1871-1914. New York: Practice- Hall, 1950.
4. Leeds, C.A. European History, 1789-1914.(2<sup>nd</sup> ed), Plymouth: MacDonald, 1979.
5. Taylor, A.J.P. The Struggle for Mastery in Europe 1848-1914, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1945.
6. Temperley, H. and A.J. Grant Europe in the Nineteen and Twentieth Centuries, 1786-

### **OPTIONAL COURSES**

**IR-603**

**POLITICS OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

1 concept of International Economics.

2. The importance of Economic in International Relations.
3. The International Economic System
4. Britain wood System
5. Instruments of International Economics.
6. The Politics of International Trade.
7. The International Monetary System.
8. The Politics of Foreign Aid.
9. The process of Economic Development.
10. The Phenomenon of Dependency and its consequences.\
11. New International Division of labor
12. The emerging international economic order.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. Adams, John., (ed) The Contemporary International Economy.  
New York, St. Mortin's 19
2. Ahmed, Syed The Politics of International Economic Relations.  
Salahuddin., Karachi. Comprehensive Book Service, 1991.
3. Ansari, Jawed., The Political Economy of International Economic  
Organization. Boulders: Lynre Reinnery, 1986.
4. Brandt, Willy., North-South: A programme for Survival.  
Cambridge. MIT Press, (4<sup>th</sup> ed) 1980.
5. Blake, David M & The Politics of Global Economic Relations.  
Walters, Robert H., Eaglewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice-Hall, 1987.
6. Oppenheiner, Issues in International Economics.  
Peter, (ed). London: Routledge, 1980.
7. Spero, Jean Edelman., The Politics of International Economic Relations.  
(3<sup>rd</sup> ed) London Allen & University, 1990.
8. Stubbs, Richard, & Bill The Political Economy and the Changing Global Orders.  
Geogery, (ed) London: McMillan, 1994.

**IR-604**

**CONEMPORARY STRATEGY**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

**1. STRATEGIES**

- ii. Fundamental Strategic Concepts.
- iii. Definition and Scope of Strategic Studies.
- iv. Theories and Ideas of Important Strategists:
  - a) Clausevits
  - b) Mahan
  - c) Douhet
  - d) Kissinger
- v) Development of Military Technology since 1945 and its impact on International Relations.
- vi) War Causes and kinds.
- vii) Deterrence
- viii) Nuclear Strategy
- ix) Crisis Management
- x) Arms, Race, Arms Control and Disarmament.
- xi) Terrorism
- xii) Concept of Nuclear Proliferation
- xiii) Balance of Power/Arms in South Asia

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. ----- The Defense Journal
2. Beafre, Indre., An Introduction to Strategic Studies.  
London. Faber & Faber, 1967.
3. Buzan, Berry., An Introduction to Strategic Studies, Military Technology and International Relations:  
London: McMillan, 1987.
4. Clausewitz, K.V., On War.  
N.J. Princeton University Press, 1976 ( Translated)
5. Kissinger, Henry A., Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy.  
N.Y. Doubleday Anchor Books, 1983.
6. Knor, Klaus (ed) Power, Strategy and Security.  
Princeton University Press, 1983.
7. Schelling, Thomas The Strategy of Conflict:  
Oxford University Press, 1963.

8. Wright, Quincy., A Study of War.  
Chicago. University of Chicago, 1965 ,Paper back ed, 1983.

### **THIRD & FORTH SEMESTER**

- 1.The M. Phil scholar will work on assignments given by the supervisor and duly submit in registrar office, and will write his dissertation and submit to academic section.
2. Scholar will have to defend his research in final defense according to HEC rules.

#### **Annexure “A”**

#### **COMPULSORY COURSES IN ENGLISH FOR BS (4 YEAR) IN BASIC & SOCIAL SCIENCES**

##### **English I (Functional English)**

##### **Objectives:**

Enhance language skills and develop critical thinking.

##### **Course Contents:**

Basics of Grammar Parts of speech and use of articles Sentence structure, active and passive voice Practice in unified sentence Analysis of phrase, clause and sentence structure Transitive and intransitive verbs Punctuation and spelling Comprehension Answers to questions on a given text Discussion General topics and every-day conversation (topics for discussion to be at the discretion of the teacher keeping in view the level of students) Listening To be improved by showing documentaries/films carefully selected by subject teachers

Translation skills Urdu to English Paragraph writing Topics to be chosen at the discretion of the teacher Presentation skills Introduction

Note: Extensive reading is required for vocabulary building

##### **Recommended Books:**

1. Practical English Grammar by A. J. Thomson and A. V. Martinet. Exercises 1. 3rd Edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0 194313492 2. Practical English Grammar by A. J. Thomson and A. V. Martinet. Exercises

2. Third edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0 194313506 b) Writing 1. Writing. Intermediate by Marie-Christine Boutin, Suzanne Brinand and Francoise Grellet. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1993. ISBN 0 19 435405 7 Pages 20-27 and 35-41. c) Reading/Comprehension 1. Reading. Upper Intermediate. Brian Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1992. ISBN 0 19 453402 2. d)

### **Speaking English II (Communication Skills)**

#### **Objectives: ]**

Enable the students to meet their real life communication needs. Course Contents: Paragraph writing Practice in writing a good, unified and coherent paragraph Essay Writing Introduction CV and job application Translation skills Urdu to English Study skills Skimming and scanning, intensive and extensive, and speed reading, summary and précis writing and comprehension Academic skills Letter/memo writing, minutes of meetings, use of library and internet Presentation skills Personality development (emphasis on content, style and pronunciation)

Note: documentaries to be shown for discussion and review

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Practical English Grammar by A. J. Thomson and A. V. Martinet. Exercises 2. 3rd Edition. Oxford University Press 1986. ISBN 0 19 431350 6. b) Writing 1. Writing. Intermediate by Marie-Christine Boutin, Suzanne Brinand and Francoise Grellet. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1993. ISBN 0 19 435405 7 Pages 45-53 (note taking).

2. Writing. Upper-Intermediate by Rob Nolasco. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1992. ISBN 0 194354065 (particularly good for writing memos, introduction to presentations, descriptive and argumentative writing). c) Reading 1. Reading. Advanced. Brian Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1991. ISBN 0 19 4534030. 2. Reading and Study Skills by John Langan

3. Study Skills by Riachard Yorky.

### **English III (Technical Writing and Presentation Skills)**

#### **Objectives:**

Enhance language skills and develop critical thinking Course Contents: Presentation skills Essay writing Descriptive, narrative, discursive, argumentative Academic writing How to write a proposal for research paper/term paper How to write a research paper/term paper (emphasis on style, content, language, form, clarity, consistency)

Technical Report writing Progress report writing

Note: Extensive reading is required for vocabulary building

**Recommended Books:** Technical Writing and Presentation Skills a) Essay Writing and Academic Writing 1. Writing. Advanced by Ron White. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1992. ISBN 0 19 435407 3 (particularly suitable for discursive, descriptive, argumentative and report writing). 2. College Writing Skills by John Langan. Mc=Graw-Hill Higher Education. 2004. 3. Patterns of College Writing (4th edition) by Laurie G. Kirszner and Stephen R. Mandell. St. Martin's Press. b) Presentation Skills c) Reading The Mercury Reader. A Custom Publication. Compiled by norther Illinois University. General Editors: Janice Neulib; Kathleen Shine Cain; Stephen Ruffus and Maurice Scharton. (A reader which will give students exposure to the best of twentieth century literature, without taxing the taste of engineering students).

## **Annexure “B”**

### **Pakistan Studies (Compulsory)**

#### **Introduction/Objectives:**

□ Develop vision of historical perspective, government, politics, contemporary Pakistan, ideological background of Pakistan. □ Study the process of governance, national development, issues arising in the modern age and posing challenges to Pakistan.

#### **Course Outline:**

1. Historical Perspective a. Ideological rationale with special reference to Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Allama Muhammad Iqbal and Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah. b. Factors leading to Muslim separatism c. People and Land i. Indus Civilization ii. Muslim advent iii. Location and geo-physical features.

2. Government and Politics in Pakistan Political and constitutional phases: a. 1947-58 b. 1958-71 c. 1971-77 d. 1977-88 e. 1988-99 f. 1999 onward 3. Contemporary Pakistan a. Economic institutions and issues b. Society and social structure c. Ethnicity d. Foreign policy of Pakistan and challenges e. Futuristic outlook of Pakistan

#### **Books Recommended:**

1. Burki, Shahid Javed. State & Society in Pakistan, The Macmillan Press Ltd 1980.
2. Akbar, S. Zaidi. Issue in Pakistan's Economy. Karachi: Oxford University Press, 2000.

3. S. M. Burke and Lawrence Ziring. Pakistan's Foreign policy: An Historical analysis. Karachi: Oxford University Press, 1993.
4. Mehmood, Safdar. Pakistan Political Roots & Development. Lahore, 1994.
5. Wilcox, Wayne. The Emergence of Bangladesh., Washington: American Enterprise, Institute of Public Policy Research, 1972.
6. Mehmood, Safdar. Pakistan Kayyun Toota, Lahore: Idara-e-Saqafat-e-Islamia, Club Road, nd.
7. Amin, Tahir. Ethno - National Movement in Pakistan, Islamabad: Institute of Policy Studies, Islamabad.
8. Ziring, Lawrence. Enigma of Political Development. Kent England: WmDawson & sons Ltd, 1980.
9. Zahid, Ansar. History & Culture of Sindh. Karachi: Royal Book Company, 1980.
10. Afzal, M. Rafique. Political Parties in Pakistan, Vol. I, II & III. Islamabad: National Institute of Historical and cultural Research, 1998.
11. Sayeed, Khalid Bin. The Political System of Pakistan. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1967.
12. Aziz, K.K. Party, Politics in Pakistan, Islamabad: National Commission on Historical and Cultural Research, 1976.
13. Muhammad Waseem, Pakistan Under Martial Law, Lahore: Vanguard, 1987.
14. Haq, Noor ul. Making of Pakistan: The Military Perspective. Islamabad: National Commission on Historical and Cultural Research, 1993.

## Annexure “C”

### ISLAMIC STUDIES (Compulsory)

#### Objectives:

This course is aimed at:

- 1) To provide Basic information about Islamic Studies
- 2) To enhance understanding of the students regarding Islamic Civilization
- 3) To improve Students skill to perform prayers and other worships
- 4) To enhance the skill of the students for understanding of issues related to faith and religious life.

#### Detail of Courses:

**Introduction to Quranic Studies** 1) Basic Concepts of Quran 2) History of Quran

**Uloom-ul -Quran** 1) Verses of Surah Al-Baqra Related to Faith(Verse No-284-286) 2) Verses of Surah Al-Hujrat Related to Adab Al-Nabi (Verse No-1-18) 3) Verses of Surah Al-Mumanoon Related to Characteristics of faithful (Verse No-1-11) 4) Verses of Surah al-Furqan Related to Social Ethics (Verse No.63-77) 5) Verses of Surah Al-Inam Related to Ihkam(Verse No-152-154) Study of Selected Text of Holy Quran 1) Verses of Surah Al-Ihزاب Related to Adab al-Nabi (Verse No.6,21,40,56,57,58.) 2) Verses of Surah Al-Hashar (18,19,20) Related to thinking, Day of Judgment 3) Verses of Surah Al-Saf Related to Tafakar,Tadabar (Verse No-1,14) Seerat of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) I 1) Life of Muhammad Bin Abdullah (Before Prophet-hood) 2) Life of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) in Makkah 3) Important Lessons Derived from the life of Holy Prophet in Makkah Seerat of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) II 1) Life of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) in Madina 2) Important Events of Life Holy Prophet in Madina 3) Important Lessons Derived from the life of Holy Prophet in Madina

**Introduction to Sunnah** 1) Basic Concepts of Hadith 2) History of Hadith 3) Kinds of Hadith 4) Uloom –ul-Hadith 5) Sunnah & Hadith 6) Legal Position of Sunnah Selected Study from Text of Hadith Introduction to Islamic Law & Jurisprudence 1) Basic Concepts of Islamic Law & Jurisprudence 2) History & Importance of Islamic Law & Jurisprudence 3) Sources of Islamic Law & Jurisprudence 4) Nature of Differences in Islamic Law 5) Islam and Sectarianism Islamic Culture & Civilization 1) Basic Concepts of Islamic Culture & Civilization 2) Historical Development of Islamic Culture & Civilization 3) Characteristics of Islamic Culture & Civilization 4) Islamic Culture & Civilization and Contemporary Issues Islam & Science 1) Basic Concepts of Islam & Science 2) Contributions of Muslims in the Development of Science 3) Quran and Science Islamic Economic System 1) Basic Concepts of Islamic Economic System

2) Means of Distribution of wealth in Islamic Economics 3) Islamic Concept of Riba 4) Islamic Ways of Trade & Commerce Political System of Islam 1) Basic Concepts of Islamic Political System 2) Islamic Concept of Sovereignty 3) Basic Institutions of Govt. in Islam Islamic History 1) Period of Khlaft-E-Rashida 2) Period of Ummayyads 3) Period of Abbasids Social System of Islam 1) Basic Concepts of Social System of Islam

2) Elements of Family

3) Ethical Values of Islam

**Reference Books:**

1) Hameed ullah Muhammad, “Emergence of Islam” , IRI, Islamabad

2) Hameed ullah Muhammad, “Muslim Conduct of State”

3) Hameed ullah Muhammad, ‘Introduction to Islam

4) Mulana Muhammad Yousaf Islahi,”

5) Hussain Hamid Hassan, “An Introduction to the Study of Islamic Law” leaf Publication Islamabad, Pakistan.

6) Ahmad Hasan, “Principles of Islamic Jurisprudence” Islamic ResearchInstitute, International Islamic University, Islamabad (1993)]

7) Mir Waliullah, “Muslim Jurisprudence and the Quranic Law of Crimes” Islamic Book Service (1982)

8) H.S. Bhatia, “Studies in Islamic Law, Religion and Society” Deep & Deep Publications New Delhi (1989)

9) Dr. Muhammad Zia-ul-Haq, “Introduction to Al Sharia Al Islamia” Allama Iqbal Open University, Islamabad (2001)

## Annexure “D”

Note: One course will be selected from the following six courses of Mathematics.

### **COMPULSORY MATHEMATICS COURSES FOR BS (4 YEAR) (FOR STUDENTS NOT MAJORING IN MATHEMATICS) 1. MATHEMATICS I (ALGEBRA)**

Prerequisite(s): Mathematics at secondary level Credit Hours: 3 + 0

**Specific Objectives of the Course:** To prepare the students, not majoring in mathematics, with the essential tools of algebra to apply the concepts and the techniques in their respective disciplines.

**Course Outline:** Preliminaries: Real-number system, complex numbers, introduction to sets, set operations, functions, types of functions. Matrices: Introduction to matrices, types, matrix inverse, determinants, system of linear equations, Cramer’s rule. Quadratic Equations: Solution of quadratic equations, qualitative analysis of roots of a quadratic equation, equations reducible to quadratic equations, cube roots of unity, relation between roots and coefficients of quadratic equations. Sequences and Series: Arithmetic progression, geometric progression, harmonic progression. Binomial Theorem: Introduction to mathematical induction, binomial theorem with rational and irrational indices. Trigonometry: Fundamentals of trigonometry, trigonometric identities.

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Dolciani MP, Wooton W, Beckenback E. F., Sharron S, Algebra 2 and Trigonometry, 1978, Houghton & Mifflin, Boston (suggested text)
2. Kaufmann J. E., College Algebra and Trigonometry, 1987, PWS-Kent Company, Boston
3. Swokowski E. W., Fundamentals of Algebra and Trigonometry (6th edition), 1986, PWS-Kent Company, Boston

### **2. MATHEMATICS II (CALCULUS)**

Prerequisite(s): Mathematics I (Algebra) Credit Hours: 3 + 0

#### **Specific Objectives of the Course:**

To prepare the students, not majoring in mathematics, with the essential tools of calculus to apply the concepts and the techniques in their respective disciplines.

#### **Course Outline:**

Preliminaries: Real-number line, functions and their graphs, solution of equations involving absolute values, inequalities. Limits and Continuity: Limit of a function, left-hand and right-hand limits, continuity, continuous functions. Derivatives and their Applications: Differentiable functions, differentiation of polynomial, rational and transcendental functions, derivatives.

Integration and Definite Integrals: Techniques of evaluating indefinite integrals, integration by substitution, integration by parts, change of variables in indefinite integrals.

**Recommended Books:**

Anton H, Bevens I, Davis S, Calculus: A New Horizon (8th Edition), 2005,

John Wiley, New York. Stewart J, Calculus (3rd Edition), 1995,

Brooks/Cole (suggested text) Swokowski E. W., Calculus and Analytic Geometry, 1983,

PWS-Kent Company, Boston Thomas G. B., Finney A. R., Calculus (11th Edition), 2005, Addison-Wesley, Reading, Ma, USA

**3. MATHEMATICS III (GEOMETRY) Prerequisite(s): Mathematics II (Calculus)**

**Credit Hours: 3 + 0**

**Specific Objectives of the Course:**

To prepare the students, not majoring in mathematics, with the essential tools of geometry to apply the concepts and the techniques in their respective disciplines. Course Outline: Geometry in Two Dimensions: Cartesian-coordinate mesh, slope of a line, equation of a line, parallel and perpendicular lines, various forms of equation of a line, intersection of two lines, angle between two lines, distance between two points, distance between a point and a line. Circle: Equation of a circle, circles determined by various conditions, intersection of lines and circles, locus of a point in various conditions. Conic Sections: Parabola, ellipse, hyperbola, the general-second-degree equation

**Recommended Books:**

Abraham S, Analytic Geometry, Scott, Freshman and Company, 1969

Kaufmann J. E., College Algebra and Trigonometry, 1987,

PWS-Kent Company, Boston Swokowski E. W., Fundamentals of Algebra and Trigonometry (6th Edition), 1986, PWS-Kent Company, Boston.

**4. COURSE FOR NON-MATHEMATICS MAJORS IN SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**Title of subject: MATHEMATICS Discipline: BS (Social Sciences).**

Pre-requisites: SSC (Metric) level Mathematics Credit Hours: 03 + 00 Minimum Contact Hours: 40 Assessment: written examination; Effective: 2008 and onward

**Aims:** To give the basic knowledge of Mathematics and prepare the students not majoring in mathematics. **Objectives:** After completion of this course the student should be able to:  Understand the use of the essential tools of basic mathematics;

Apply the concepts and the techniques in their respective disciplines;  Model the effects non-isothermal problems through different domains;

**Contents:**

1. **Algebra:** Preliminaries: Real and complex numbers, Introduction to sets, set operations, functions, types of functions. Matrices: Introduction to matrices, types of matrices, inverse of matrices, determinants, system of linear equations, Cramer's rule. Quadratic equations: Solution of quadratic equations, nature of roots of quadratic equations, equations reducible to quadratic equations. Sequence and Series: Arithmetic, geometric and harmonic progressions. Permutation and combinations: Introduction to permutation and combinations, Binomial Theorem: Introduction to binomial theorem. Trigonometry: Fundamentals of trigonometry, trigonometric identities. Graphs: Graph of straight line, circle and trigonometric functions.

2. **Statistics:** Introduction: Meaning and definition of statistics, relationship of statistics with social science, characteristics of statistics, limitations of statistics and main division of statistics. Frequency distribution: Organisation of data, array, ungrouped and grouped data, types of frequency series, individual, discrete and continuous series, tally sheet method, graphic presentation of the frequency distribution, bar frequency diagram histogram, frequency polygon, cumulative frequency curve. Measures of central tendency: Mean, median and modes, quartiles, deciles and percentiles. Measures of dispersion: Range, inter quartile deviation, mean deviation, standard deviation, variance, moments, skewness and kurtosis.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Swokowski. E. W., 'Fundamentals of Algebra and Trigonometry', Latest Edition.
2. Kaufmann. J. E., 'College Algebra and Trigonometry', PWS-Kent Company, Boston, Latest Edition.
3. Walpole, R. E., 'Introduction of Statistics', Prentice Hall, Latest Edition.
4. Wilcox, R. R., 'Statistics for The Social Sciences',

**CURRICULUM FOR Ph.D**

**SCHEME OF STUDIES**

**Ph.D 3-YEAR PROGRAMME (24 CREDIT HOURS)**

Following is the scheme of studies for 3-Year Ph.D in International Relations of 24 credit hours with 18 credit hours course work and 6 credit hours dissertation.

**List of Core Courses:**

It is suggested that the core / compulsory courses should be of 3 credit hours. However the academic bodies of the universities are autonomous to determine the weightage of each course. There are two core / compulsory courses and one optional course in each semester.

1. Advanced Research Methodology (3 Credit Hours)
2. Theories and Principles of International Relations (3Credit hours)
3. Modern International Law. (3 Credit Hours)
4. Global Politics Since World War I. (3 Credit Hours)

**List of Optional Courses:**

Following is an optional list of courses to be offered by the universities concerned. The course contents and the core/recommended books too would be provided by the teacher(s) at the time of the offering of a course.

The student can choose one optional course out of three courses in each semester.

**Semester One Optional Courses (Student selects one)**

**Optional-I**

- 1 Foreign Policy of Pakistan (3 Credit Hours)

- 2 International Political Economy (3 Credit Hours)
- 3 Foreign Policy of Major Powers. (3 Credit Hours)

**Semester Two optional courses (Student selects one)**

**Optional-II**

- 4 The Politics of Gulf Countries (3 Credit Hours)
- 5 Strategic Studies ((3 Credit Hours)
- 6 European History (1789-1914) (3 Credit Hours)

**SCHEME OF STUDIES FOR Ph.D (3-YEAR) IN  
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

<b>Semester</b>	<b>Name of Subject</b>	<b>Credits</b>
<b>First</b>	Advanced Research Methodology	3
	Theories and Principles in International Relations Theories	3
	OPTIONAL-I	3
	Total	<b>9</b>
<b>Second</b>	Modern International Law	3
	Global Politics Since WWI	3
	OPTIONAL-II	3
	Total	<b>9</b>

Semester	Name of Subject	Credits
3 <sup>rd</sup> to 6 <sup>th</sup> semesters	Dissertation	6

### **CORE COURSES**

#### **Paper I. IR-701**

#### **Advanced Research Methodology**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

Advance Research methodology is designed to further enhance the theory of research and its application.

- 1 Introduction to Research Methodology
  - (i) Research methods
  - (ii) Qualitative and Quantitative Research
- 2 Importance, Relevance and Scope of Research Methodology.
- 3 Sources of knowledge and its application in Research Methodology.
- 4 Objectives of Research: Challenges and options
- 5 Questionnaire development
  - (i) Methodology
  - (ii) Pattern
  - (iii) Types
  - (iv) Application
- 6 Data Collection
  - (i) Techniques

- (ii) Types
- 7 Research Design
  - (i) Types
  - (ii) Methodology
  - (iii) Framework
  - (iv) Application
- 8 Literature Review
- 9 Interview
  - (i) Types
  - (ii) Techniques
  - (iii) Pattern and Applicability
- 10 Referencing Pattern in modern Research
- 11 Research Proposal
  - (i) Requirements
  - (ii) Problems, Solutions and Recommendations
  - (iii) Case Study

### **Core Books**

- 1 Lyons, Peters & Howard Doucek. *The Dissertation from beginning to the end* . New York: Oxford University Press, 2010.
- 2 Dawson, Catherine. *Research Methods*. Oxford: How to Books, 2009.
- 3 Somekh, Bridget & Lewin Cathy. *Research Methods in the Social Sciences*. London: Sage Publications, 2005

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Rugg, Gordon & Mariane Petre. *A Gentle Guide to research Methods*.  
England: Open University Press, 2007.
- 2 DeMarrais, Kathleen & Stephen D. Laphan. Eds. *Foundations for Research. Methods of inquiry in Education and the Social Sciences*.  
London : Lawrence Earlbaum Inc, 2004.
- 3 Kothari, C.R. *Research Methodology. Methods and Techniques*.  
New Delhi: New Age Limited Publishers, 2004.
- 4 Marczyk, Geoffrey, David DeMatteo and David Festinger. *Essentials of Research Design and Methodology*. Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 5 Lamont, Christopher. *Research Methods in International relations*.  
London: Sage, 2015.

**Paper II. IR-701**

**Theories and Principles of International Relations**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

1 An introduction to International Relations

- (i) Origin
- (ii) Nature and Scope
- (iii) Significance

2 Theories of International relations

- (i) Realism/Neo Realism
- (ii) Idealism

- (iii) Liberalism
- (iv) Constructivism
- 3 State System in International relations
  - (i) Western Concept of State
  - (ii) Islamic Concept of State
- 4 Regionalism and Internationalism
- 5 Theory of Deterrence
- 6 Nationalism
  - (i) Origin and Growth
  - (ii) Elements
  - (iii) Advantages and Disadvantages
- 7 Sovereignty
  - (i) Kinds, importance and features
  - (ii) Concept and changing pattern
- 8 Elements of National Power
- 9 Human Rights:
  - (i) Civil Rights
  - (ii) Political Rights
- 10 War
  - (i) Kinds
  - (ii) Causes
  - (iii) War against Terrorism
- 11 Balance of Power

**Core Books:**

- 1 Griffiths, Martin. Ed. *International Relations Theory for the Twenty-First*

*Century*. London: Routledge, 2007 .

- 2 Beitz, Charles.R. *Political theory and International relations*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1999.
- 3 Burchill, Scott & Andrew Linklater. *Theories of International Relations*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2005.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Dunne, Tim, Milja Kurki & Steve Smith. *International Relations Theories Discipline and Diversity*. Oxford, Uk: Oxford University Press, 2013.
- 2 Daddow, Oliver. *International Relations Theory*. London: Sage, 2009.
- 3 Chatterjee, Aneek. *International Relations Today. Concepts and Applications*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2010
- 4 Khanna, V, N. *International Relations*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing, 2013.

**Paper III. IR-702**  
**Modern international law**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- 1 Introduction to International Law
  - (i) Nature and Origins
  - (ii) Sources
  - (iii) Development

- 2 International Institutions
  - (i) League of Nations
  - (ii) U.N
- 3 Asylum
- 4 Extradition
- 5 Recognition of State/Government according to International law
- 6 Succession of State
- 7 Pattern of Settlement of Disputes
- 8 Law of Treaties
- 9 Diplomatic Immunity
- 10 Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- 11 Maritime Belt

**Core Books:**

- 1 Cassese, Antonio. *International Law*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2005.
- 2 Evans, Malcolm D. *International Law*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press, 2010

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Crawford, James. *Brownlie's Principles of Public International Law*. , UK: Oxford University Press, 2008
- 2 Klabbers, Jan. *International Law*. Cambridge, UK, Cambridge University Press, 2013
- 3 Malanczuk, Peter. *Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law*. New York: Routledge, 2002
- 4 Dixon, Martin. *Textbook on International Law*. . Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press, 2013

**Paper IV. IR-703**  
**Global Politics Since World War I**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- 1 Causes of World War I
- 2 Treaty of Versailles and its impact on Post War world
- 3 Causes of failure of League of Nations
- 4 Causes of World War II
- 5 Impact of World War II on Global Politics
- 6 Cold War
  - (i) Causes
  - (ii) Events
- 7 Decolonization
- 8 U.N in Post Cold War setting
- 9 Rise of China
  - (i) Causes
  - (ii) Impacts
- 10 Regionalism
  - (i) E.U
  - (ii) SCO
  - (iii) SAARC
- 11 U.S in the Post Cold War Setting
- 12 Major issues of World Politics in the 21<sup>st</sup> century
  - (i) Kashmir

- (ii) Palestine Issue
- (iii) War on Terror
- (iv) Environment

**Core Books:**

- 1 Kegley, Chalres. *World Politics Trend and Transformation*. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth, 2009.
- 2 Calvocoressi, Peter. *World Politics 1945-2000*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2001

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Rea, Tony and John Wright. *International relations 1914-1995*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press, 1997
- 2 Lawson, Stephanie. *International Relations*. Cambridge, UK: Polity, 2012
- 3 Ghosh, PEU. *International Relations*. Delhi, Phi Learning, 2013
- 4 Viotti. *International Relations and world politics: Security, economy, identity*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2007

**List of Optional Subjects**

**IR-801**  
**Foreign Policy of Pakistan**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- 1 Determinants of Foreign Policy of Pakistan
- 2 Objectives of the Foreign policy of Pakistan
- 3 Foreign Policy of Pakistan towards the Neighbouring countries
  - (i) India

- (ii) Iran
  - (iii) Afghanistan
  - (iv) China
- 4 Pakistan relations with U.S
  - 5 Pakistan relations with Russia
  - 6 Pakistan relations with Muslim World
  - 7 Pakistan Relations with European Countries
  - 8 Pakistan's role in the war against Global Terror
  - 9 Latest developments in foreign policy of Pakistan

**Core Books:**

- 1 Sattar, Abdul. *Pakistan's Foreign Policy 1947-2012*. Oxford, 2013.
- 2 Shahid Ameen, *Pakistan's Foreign Policy*, Karachi, Oxford University Press, 1999

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Haqqani, Hussain. *Magnificent Delusions. Pakista, the United States and epic history of misunderstanding*. U.S: Perseus Books, 2013.
- 2 Jalal, Ayesha. *The Struggle for Pakistan*. Cambridge, MA: Harvard Press, 2014.

**IR-802**

**International Political Economy**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- 1 Introduction to International Political Economy
  - (i) History
  - (ii) Scope
- 2 Theories of International Political economy

- (i) Mercantilism
  - (ii) Liberalism
  - (iii) Marxism
- 3 Elements of Economic Power
  - 4 Economic Development
  - 5 Globalization
  - 6 North South Dialogue
  - 7 Economic Integration
    - (i) E.U
    - (ii) SAARC
    - (ii) NAFTA
  - 8 International Economic Institutions
    - (i) International Monetary Fund (IMF)
    - (ii) World Bank
    - (iii) World Trade Organization (WTO)
  - 9 Capitalism
  - 10 Latest Developments in International political economy

**Core Books:**

- 1 Gilpin, Robert. *Global political Economy: Understanding the International economic order*. Princeton, NJ: University Press, 2001.
- 2 Masood, S Javed. *International Political economy and globalization*. Singapore: World Scientific, 2008.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Watson, Alison. *An Introduction to International political Economy*.  
London: Continnum, 2004.
- 2 Oatley, Thomas. *International Political economy*. New York: Routledge,  
2012.

**IR-803**

**Foreign Policy of Major Powers**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- 1 U.S Foreign Policy
  - . U.S Foreign Policy after WWI
  - . Foreign Policy during WWII
  - . Cold war and American Foreign Policy
  - . Post Cold War Policy
  - . Foreign Policy after 911
- 2 Soviet Foreign Policy
  - . Foreign Policy after the Revolution of 1917
  - . Policy during inter war years
  - . Cold War and Soviet Foreign Policy
  - . Breakup of Soviet Union
  - . Russia in Post Cold War Settings
- 3 Foreign Policy of China
  - . Policy after Chinese revolution of 1949
  - . Cold war and China's Foreign Policy
  - . Policy in Post Cold War world

- 4 Foreign Policy of Major European Countries
  - . Britain's foreign policy during Cold War
  - . Germany during Cold War
  - . French Foreign Policy during Cold war

**Core Books:**

- 1 Kaufman, Joyce P. *A Concise History of U.S Foreign Policy*. Maryland US: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, 2010.
- 2 Lo, Bobo. *Russian Foreign Policy in the Post-Soviet Era*. New York: Palgrave MacMillan, 2002.
- 3 Cheng, Joseph Yu-shek. *China's Foreign Policy Challenges and Prospects*. Singapore: World Scientific Publishing Co., 2016.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Cameron, Fraser. *U.S Foreign Policy after Cold War*. New York: Routledge, 2002.
- 2 Mockli, Daniel. *European Foreign Policy During Cold War*. London: I.B.Tauris, 2009.
- 3 McCormick, James M. *American Foreign Policy and Process*. Boston, MA: Wadsworth, 2010.

**IR-804**  
**The Politics of Gulf Countries**

**Equal to 03 Credits** **Marks 100**

- 1 Importance of Persian Gulf region in world Politics
- 2 Challenges to the Persian Gulf in the changing scenario of world politics
- 3 Gulf Cooperation Council: opportunities/challenges
- 4 History and Politics of Major Gulf Countries
  - (i) Iran
  - (ii) Iraq
  - (iii) UAE
  - (IV) Saudi Arabia
  - (v) Kuwait
- 5 Role of Super powers in the Persian Gulf Region
- 6 Current debates in the politics of Persian Gulf

**Core Books:**

- 1 Potter, Lawrence. *The Persian Gulf in History*. New York: Palgrave MacMillan, 2009.
- 2 Marschall, Christin. *Iran's Persian Gulf Policy: From Khomeini to Khatami*. London: Routledge, 2003.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Gresh, Geoffrey. *Gulf Security and the U.S Military: Regime Survival and the Politics of Basing*. Stanford, CA: University Press, 2015.
- 2 Fain Taylor. *American Ascendancy and British retreat in the Persian*

*Gulf Region*. New York: Palgrave MacMillan, 2008.

- 3 Wright, Steven M. *The United States and Persian Gulf Security: the foundations of the war on terror*. Berkshire, UK: Ithaca press, 2008.

<b>Equal to 03 Credits</b>	<b>IR-805</b> <b><u>Strategic Studies</u></b>	<b>Marks 100</b>
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- 1 Introduction, nature and Scope of Strategic Studies
- 2 The development of Strategic studies
- 3 Study of Major Strategists
- 4 Nuclear Deterrence
- 5 Nuclear Proliferation
- 6 Disarmament and Arms Control
- 7 Causes of war
- 8 Irregular Warfare: terrorism and insurgency
- 9 Future of Strategic Studies
- 10 Crisis Management

**Core Books:**

- 1 Baylis, John. *Strategy in the contemporary world: An introduction to strategic studies*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 2 Mahnken, Thomas and Joseph Maiolo. *Strategic Studies A Reader*. New York: Routledge, 2008.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Clausewitz, Carl Von. *Principles of War*. Mineola, New York: Dover

Edition, 2003.

- 2 Cimbala, Stephen. *Deterrence and Nuclear proliferation in the twenty first century*. West Point, CT: Praeger Publishers, 2001

**IR-806**

**European History (1789-1914)**

**Equal to 03 Credits**

**Marks 100**

- 1 French Revolution
  - (i) Causes, events and impacts
- 2 Rise and fall of Napoleon Bonaparte
- 3 Congress Of Vienna
- 4 The age of Revolutions
- 5 Crimean War
- 6 Napoleon Three
- 7 Unification of Italy
- 8 Unification of Germany
- 9 European Imperialism
- 10 Alliances and Counter alliances and its Impact on Europe.

**Core Books:**

- 1 Lee, Stephen. *European History 1789-1980*. UK, Routledge, 2007.
- 2 Hobsbawm, Eric. *The age of Revolution 1789-1848*. London: Phoenix Press, 1988
- 3 Davies, Norman. *Europe A history*. London: Pimilco, 1997

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Spielvogel, Jackson. *Glencoe World History. Modern times*. New York: McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 2 Duiker, William and Jackson Spielvogel. *World History*. Boston, MA: Wadsworth, 2010.